



IQS231A/B DATASHEET

Single Channel Capacitive Proximity/Touch Controller for SAR Applications

1 Device Overview

The IQS231A/B ProxSense® IC is a self-capacitance controller designed for applications where an awake/activate on proximity function is required. The IQS231A/B is an ultra-low power solution that uses unique release and/or movement detection for applications that require long- term detection. The IQS231A/B operates standalone or I²C and features configuration via OTP (One Time Programmable) bits. Switching from I²C to standalone during runtime is also possible in order to access all settings while offering the simplicity of a standalone output.

IQS231B offers alternate hardware with identical firmware to the IQS231A. IQS231B hardware offers improved temperature response and low temperature range.

1.1 Main Features

- Integrated SAR user interface offering a simple GPIO output
- Quick release detection effectively prevent false triggers from remaining
- > Quick release sensitivity options
- > Wide range of control for sensing in high power RF environments
- Pin compatible with devices of same package type (All ProxSense TSOT23-6 devices1,IQS211A WLCSP-8 device)
- > 1.8V (-2%) to 3.6V Input voltage
- > Capacitive resolution down to 0.02fF
- > Capacitive load capability up to 120pF
- External threshold adjustment pin (minimize need for pre-empted OTP adjustments)
- Minimal external components (direct input strap)
- Standalone failsafe mode (backwards compatible failsafe output, short pulses on output to indicate operational device)
- Default OTP options focus on safety and passing SAR lab qualification, OTP changes offer performance advantages
- I2C interface option (improved compatibility)

 Optional input for synchronized implementations (input to instruct IC when to sense)



- Synchronization output failsafe pulses may be used by the master to synchronize on. Sensing is done after each pulse
- Synchronization input Sensing is only done while Sync input is low
- Low power sensing: 30Hz (default), 100Hz, 8Hz, 4Hz (sub 6uA mode)
- Constant sampling rates during all power modes with rapidly debounced output changes
- > Advanced temperature & interference compensation option

Extended controls in I2C mode (setup in I2C, runtime with standalone output)

¹ Input voltage level and pin functions may differ



IQ Switch[®] ProxSense[®] Series



Hold detection for screen activation

On-ear detection

1.2 Applications

- > SAR sensor
- Integrated hybrid designs (RF and > capacitive sensing combined)
- Movement sensing applications (user interaction detection, anti-theft)

T _A	DFN6	TSOT23-6	WLCSP-8 (1.5 x 0.9 x 0.4mm)
-20°C to 85 °C		IQS231A	IQS231A (NRFND)
-40°C to 85 °C	IQS231B	IQS231B	IQS231B

1.3 Block Diagram



Figure 1.1 Functional Block Diagram for IQS231A/B

The IQS231A/B supports relative capacitance measurements for detecting capacitance changes.

Basic features of the IQS231A/B include:

- > Charge-transfer capacitance measurement technology (Analog ProxSense® Engine)
- > Finite state machine to automate detection and environmental compensation without MCU interaction (integrated microprocessor)
- > Self-capacitance measurements
- > Signal conditioning to provide signal gain (Analog Capacitive offset calibration)
- Signal conditioning to provide offset compensation for parasitic capacitance (Analog Capacitive offset calibration)
- > Integrated calibration capacitors (Analog Capacitive offset calibration)
- > Integrated timer for timer triggered conversions
- > Integrated LDO regulator for increased immunity to power supply noise





- > Integrated oscillator
- > Processing logic to perform measurement filtering, environmental compensation, threshold detection and movement detection





TABLE OF CONTENTS

IC	QS231A/B D	ATASHEET	1
1	DEVICE	OVERVIEW	1
	1.1 1.2 1.3	MAIN FEATURES APPLICATIONS BLOCK DIAGRAM	2
2	PACKAC	GING AND PIN-OUT	8
	2.1 2.2	TSOT23-6 & DFN6 WLCSP	
3	REFERE	NCE SCHEMATICS:	10
	3.1 3.2	RECOMMENDED CAPACITOR VALUES	
4	SUMMAI	RY: ONE-TIME-PROGRAMMABLE (OTP) OPTIONS	13
5	SUMMAI	RY: PROGRAMMING REFERENCE (I ² C MEMORY MAP)	14
6	SUMMAI	RY: FEATURES	15
7	FEATUR	ES: EXTENDED DETAILS	18
	7.1 7.2	Automatic Tuning Implementation (ATI) Sensitivity Adjustment	
8	I ² C PRO	GRAMMING GUIDE (SUMMARY)	19
	8.1 8.2 8.3 8.4 8.5 8.6 8.7 8.8 8.9	Add I ² C Connection I ² C Command Structure Control Byte Test Mode (address 0x45) I ² C Typical Setup I ² C Read (Event Register) I ² C Polling and Sensing Timing Movement Time-out Accuracy Sampling Frequency vs Sensing Frequency	19 20 20 20 20 21 21
9	CONFIG	URATION OPTIONS	23
	9.1 9.2 9.3 9.4	OTP DETAILS: BANK 0 OTP DETAILS: BANK 1 OTP DETAILS: BANK 2 OTP DETAILS: BANK 3	25
10	0 FULL PR		30
1	1 SPECIFI	CATIONS	34
	11.1 11.2	Absolute Maximum Ratings I ² C Timing Specifications	
12	2 PACKAG	GE INFORMATION	39
	12.1 12.2 12.3	TSOT23-6 DFN-6 WLCSP-8	40
1:	3 ORDERI	NG AND PART-NUMBER INFORMATION	42
	<i>13.1</i> 13.2	ORDERING INFORMATION	





1	3.3	DEVICE NUMBERING CONVENTION: 8-PIN WLCSP	43
1	3.4	DEVICE NUMBERING CONVENTION – DFN6	44
14		ND REEL INFORMATION	45
15	REVISIO	N HISTORY	46



List of Abbreviations

AC	Alternating Current
ATI	Automatic Tuning Implementation
СН	Channel
ESD	Electrostatic Discharge
GPIO	General Purpose Input/Output
GUI	Graphic User Interface
GND	Ground
IIR	Infinite Impulse Response
IO	Input/Output
I ² C	Inter Integrated Circuit
LTA	Long Term Average
LDO	Low-Dropout Regulator
MCU	Microcontroller Unit
NC	Not Connected
OTP	One Time Programmable
POR	Power on Reset
PGM	Programming Pin
Prox	Proximity level trigger
RF	Radio Frequency
SAR	Self Absorption Rate
SCL	Serial Clock
SDA	Serial Data
SNR	Signal to Noise Ratio
UI	User Interface
Vss	Ground
VREG	Regulator Output
VDDHI	Supply Input





List of Symbols

	•
А	Ampère
°C	Degrees Celsius
Hz	Hertz
Kbits/s	kilobits per second
kHz	kilohertz
kΩ	kilo-ohm
kV	kilovolt
μA	micro- Ampère
μF	micro-Farad
μs	microseconds
mA	milli-Ampère
mm	milli-meter
ms	milliseconds
mV	millivolt
min	minute
nA	nano-Ampère
ns	nanoseconds
Ω	Ohm
pF	pico-Farad
S	seconds
V	Volt
V/s	Volts per second





2 Packaging and Pin-Out

2.1 TSOT23-6 & DFN6







Figure 2.2 IQS231B DFN6 Pin-out

Table 2.1 TSOT23-6 and DFN-6-Pin-out Description

IQS231A/B TSOT23-6/ IQS231B DFN-6

Pin	Name	Туре	Function
1	PRIMARY I/O	Digital Input/ Output	Multifunction IO1 / SCL (I ² C Clock signal)
2	VSS	Signal GND	
3	SECONDARY I/O	Digital Input/ Output	Multifunction IO2 / SDA (I ² C Data output)
4	VREG	Regulator output	Requires external capacitor
5	VDDHI	Supply Input	Supply:1.764V - 3.6V
6	Сх	Sense electrode	Connect to conductive area intended for sensor

Table 2.2 Multifunction Pin Descriptions

Multifunction pin name	Multifunction pin option	Output type
IO1	Proximity output / Proximity output with heartbeat	Open-drain ²
102	Sensitivity input / Synchronization input / Movement output / Touch output	Open-drain ²

² Requires pull-up resistor





2.2 WLCSP



Figure 2.3 IQS231A/B 8-pin WLCSP (top view)

Table 2.3 8-pin WLCSP Pin-out description

IQS231A 8-pin WLCSP

Pin	Name	Туре	Function				
1	Сх	Sense electrode	Connect to conductive area intended for sensor				
2	PRIMARY I/O	Digital Input/ Output	Multifunction IO1 / SCL (I ² C Clock signal)				
3	VREG	Regulator output	Requires external capacitor				
4	VSS	Signal GND					
5	FLOATING IO	Digital Input/Output	Not used. Floating input during runtime. Recommended: Connect to GND				
6	SECONDARY I/O	Digital Input/Output	Multifunction IO2 / SDA (I ² C Data output)				
7	VDDHI	Supply Input	Supply:1.764V - 3.6V				
8			Connection for OTP programming. Floating input during runtime. Recommended: Connect to GND. Connect separate pad/pin for in-circuit programming (separate modules only)				





3 Reference Schematics:



Figure 3.1 IQS231A/B TSOT23-6 and DFN-6 Reference Schematic

Footnotes:

* R5: Place a 47Ω resistor in the VDDHI supply line to prevent a potential ESD induced latch-up. Maximum supply current should be limited to 80mA on the IQS231A/B VDDHI pin to prevent latch-up.

** C1 & C3: See Section 3.1 for recommended values. The target is to prevent the VREG voltage to drop more than 40mV from its regulated value during a sleep cycle (see Figure 9.1).

***C5: Example load of 2.2pF. This value may vary to adjust sensitivity. 1pF for higher sensitivity and up to 60pF for proximity detection use. A total load of 120pF is allowed by the sensing system.

****R1: Vary this value to control the RC slope of the capacitance measurement signal. Use for harmonic suppression and to enable a high impedance sensing path in a low impedance system.





Figure 3.2 IQS231B WLCSP-8 Reference Schematic

Footnotes:

* R5: Place a 47Ω resistor in the VDDHI supply line to prevent a potential ESD induced latch-up. Maximum supply current should be limited to 80mA on the IQS231A/B VDDHI pin to prevent latch-up.

** C1 & C3: See Section 3.1 for recommended values. The target is to prevent the VREG voltage to drop more than 40mV from its regulated value during a sleep cycle (see Figure 9.1).

***C5: Example load of 2.2pF. This value may vary to adjust sensitivity. 1pF for higher sensitivity and up to 60pF for proximity detection use. A total load of 120pF is allowed by the sensing system.

****R1: Vary this value to control the RC slope of the capacitance measurement signal. Use for harmonic suppression and to enable a high impedance sensing path in a low impedance system.



3.1 Recommended Capacitor Values

The VREG capacitor value (C1) is chosen to ensure VREG remains above the maximum BOD specification stated in Table 11.3. The combination of C1 (VREG) and C3 (VDDHI) is chosen to prevent a potential ESD issue.

Known issue: In some cases, the IQS231A/B will not recover from ESD events. In cases where a high current source or regulator with low impedance path is present (a source that keeps VDDHI above the BOD level), the ESD event drains the VREG capacitor, but VDDHI voltage remains above BOD. When the ESD event is timed with the "sleep" power mode it causes a firmware run-time failure that only recovers when forcing a POR on VDDHI.

Recommended values to prevent this is shown in Table 3.1.

Table 3.1 VDDHI and VREG capacitor size recommendation to prevent ESD issues with typical hardwarecombinations

Low power scan time	8ms (default) - 32ms	128ms	256ms
Capacitor recommendation	$C1 = 1\mu F$ $C3 = 1\mu F$	C1 = 4.7µF C3 = 2.2µF	C1 = 10µF C3 = 2.2µF

3.2 Exception to recommended capacitor values

In applications where the VDDHI source has high internal resistance or a high resistance path, it will be required to ensure C3 > C1 to prevent a VDDHI BOD after the IC sleep cycle (see Table 11.3)

Table 3.2 Capacitor Values for VDDHI (C3) and VREG (C1) under certain supply voltage conditions

Low power scan time	8ms (default) - 32ms	128ms	256ms
Capacitor recommendation	$\begin{array}{l} C1 = 1 \mu F \\ C3 = 1 \mu F \end{array}$	C1 = 4.7µF C3 = 10µF	C1 = 10μF C3 = 10μF





4 Summary: One-Time-Programmable (OTP) Options

OTP bank 0 IQS231A/B 000000xx TSR									
Bit7	6	5	4	3	2	1	Bit 0		
Movement ti	-	Reserved	Movement threshold	Quick threshold	release	Quick release beta			
<u>Prox no mov U</u> 00 – 2s 01 – 5s 10 – 10s 11 – Disabled (-	n/a	0 – 4 counts 1 – 6 counts	00 - moderate100counts01 - strict15010 - relaxed5011 - very strict250		$\begin{array}{l} 00-2 \mbox{ (fast following)} \\ 01-3 \\ 10-4 \\ 11-5 \mbox{ (slow following)} \end{array}$			
Prox&Mov Uis 00 - 10s 01 - 30s 10 - 60s 11 - 10min									
	ccuracy section				D				
OTP Bank			2S231A/B 00			4	Dit 0		
Bit7 I ² C address	6	5 Proximity Thres (low/high)	shold	3 AC Filter	2	1 Touch thres	Bit 0 shold		
00 – standalone 01 – 44H 10 – 46H 11 – 47H		$\frac{(10W/High)}{Sensitivity_input_lo} \\ \frac{Sensitivity_input_lo}{active / Mov_output} \\ \frac{Ignore_input_no_out}{00 - 4 counts (1Wa)} \\ 01 - 6 \\ 10 - 8 \\ 11 - 10 \\ \frac{Sensitivity_input}{20k\Omega_pull-up} \\ 00 - 8 counts \\ 01 - 10 \\ 01 - 10 \\ 01 - 10 \\ 01 - 10 \\ 01 - 10 \\ 01 - 10 \\ 01 - 10 \\ 01 - 10 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 $	<u>/ Touch output/</u> t <u>put</u> rning)	00 - 1 01 - 2 10 - 3 11 - 0		00 - 32 counts 01 - 64 10 - 256 11 - 320			
	accuracy section	10 – 12 11 – 14							
OTP Bank	2	IC	QS231A/B 00		R				
Bit7 Increase debounce	6 Target	5 Base value	4	3 Failsafe	2 Quick release	1 User interfa	Bit 0 Ce		
0 - 6in, 4out 1 - 12in, 8out 1 = 768		00 – 100 counts 01 – 75 10 – 150 11 – 200		0 – Disabled 1 – Enabled	abled 1 – Disabled 01 – Prox 10 – Prox Touch witi		movement movement / movement '10', touch output		
OTP Bank	3	IC	QS231A/B <u>xx</u>	<u>«</u> 000000 TS	R				
Bit7 6 Charge transfer frequency		5 4 Temperature IO2 function & interference compensation		3 2 ATI events on IO1		1 Bit 0 Sample rate			
00 – 500kHz 01 – 125 kHz 10 – 64 kHz 11 – 16.5kHz		0 – Disabled 1 – Enabled	00 – Sensitivity (proximity thres 01 – Synchroni 10 – Movemen 11 – Ignore inp	shold adjust) ze input t output	0 – Enabled 1 – Disabled 1 – Disabled 1 – Disabled 00 – 30 Hz 01 – 100 Hz 10 – 8 Hz 11 – 4 Hz				

¹Careful design is key when using a threshold of 4 combined with a base value of 100 / 75 and a target of 1200. Contact Azoteq.





5 Summary: Programming Reference (I²C Memory Map)

Address/ Command/	ications Layout Register name/s	R/W	Default Value	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0	
Byte	MAIN_EVENTS	R			DEBUG	SENSING	WARM	COLD	RELEASE	TOUCH	PROX	
DEFAULT COMMS POINTER	MAIN_EVENTS	ĸ	n/a		DEBUG	DISABLED	BOOT	BOOT	RELEASE	TOUCH	PRUX	
Each read ins	truction returns 'MAIN_EVE	NTS' byt	e as first byt	e, followed by the	e data at the spec	ified address	•				•	
00H	PRODUCT_NUMBER	R	0x40	0x40								
01H	SOFTWARE_VERSION	R	0x06		A), 0x07 (IQS231E		,	OL HOK				
02H	DEBUG_EVENTS	R	n/a	RESERVED	ATI_ERROR	CH0_ATI	RESERVED	QUICK RELEASE	EXIT MOV DETECT	ENTER MOV DETECT	MOVEMENT	
03H 04H	Reserved COMMANDS	R/W R/W	n/a 0x00	RESERVED ATI_CH0	DISABLE SENSING	ENABLE SENSING	TOGGLE AC FILTER	RESERVED	TOGGLE ULP MODE	RESERVED	WARM BOOT	
05H	OTP Bank 1	R/W	0x00	Standalone / I2		Proximity thresh Read only		AC Filter	MODE	Touch thresho Read only		
06H	OTP Bank 2	R/W	0x00	Increase debounce	Target	Base value		Failsafe pulses IO1	Quick release	User interface	selection	
07H	OTP Bank 3	R/W	0x00	Charge transfe	er frequency	Temperature & interference compensation	IO2 Function		ATI events on IO1	Sample rate		
08H	QUICK RELEASE	R/W	0x00		Quick release	threshold LUT			Quick relea	se beta		
				0xC = 500 0xD = 750 0xE = 850	0x8 = 75 0x9 = 200 0xA = 300	0x4 = 10 0x5 = 20 0x6 = 25	0x0 = 100 0x1 = 150 0x2 = 50					
09H	MOVEMENT	R/W	0x34	0xF = 1000	0xB = 400 Filter h	0x7 = 30 alt time	0x3 = 250					
			(2s, 8)	0xC = 10min 0xD = 30min 0xE = 60min 0xF = 90min	0x8 = 30s 0x9 = 1min 0xA = 2min 0xB = 5min	0x4 = 4s 0x5 = 5s 0x6 = 10s 0x7 = 20s	0x0 = 0s 0x1 = 0.5s 0x2 = 1s 0x3 = 2s	Movement three	Available ran	eshold = (Value × 2) Available range: 0 – 30 0 = always movement trigger		
0AH	TOUCH THRESHOLD	R/W	0x07		$Id = (Value \times 4) +$		0x3 = 25					
	DROVIMITY	R/W	(32)	Decented			Available ra	nge: 4 – 1024		00 1 aquinta		
0BH	<u>PROXIMITY</u> <u>THRESHOLD</u>	K/W	0x00	Reserved				Reserved		00 - 4 counts 01 - 6 10 - 8 11 - 10		
0CH	Temperature & interference threshold	R/W	0x03	Temperature t	racking threshold v	when not in touch	/ prox detect					
0DH	CH0 Multipliers	R/W	n/a	Reserved	Reserved	CH0 Sensitivity 0 – 3	Multiplier	CH0 Compens 0 – 15	sation multiplier			
0EH	CH0 Compensation	R/W	n/a	0 – 255								
0FH	CH1 Multipliers	R/W	n/a	Reserved	Reserved	CH1 Sensitivity 0-3	Multiplier	CH1 Compens 0 - 15	sation multiplier			
10H	CH1 Compensation	R/W	n/a	0 – 255								
11H 12H	System flags UI flags	R R	n/a n/a	I2C TEMP	TEMP TEMPERATURE	CH1_ACTIVE	CURRENT_CH	NO SYNC UI SENSING	CH0_LTA_HALTED	ATI_MODE	ZOOM MODE OUTPUT	
				CHANNEL ATI	RESEED	Reserved	OFF	DISABLED	QUICK_RELEASE	Reserved	ACTIVE	
13H 14H	ATI flags	R R	n/a n/a	Reserved CH1 ATI			CH1	CH0_ATI	CH0	Г	1	
	Event flags			ERROR	Reserved		MOVEMENT	ERROR	UNDEBOUNCED	CH0_TOUCH	CH0_PROX	
15H	CH0 ACF_H CH0 ACF_L	R R	n/a	Proximity char 0 – 2000	inel: Filtered count	value						
16H 17H	CH0 ACP_L CH0 LTA_H	R	n/a n/a		inel: Reference co	unt value (Long te	rm average)					
18H	CH0 LTA_L	R	n/a	0 – 2000		unit value (Long te	in average)					
19H	CH0 QRD_H	R	n/a	Proximity char	nel: Quick release	e detect reference	value					
1AH	CH0 QRD_L	R	n/a	0 – 2000								
1BH	CH1 ACF_H	R	n/a	Movement cha 0 – 2000	innel: Filtered cour	nt value						
1CH 1DH	CH1 ACF_L CH1 UMOV H	R	n/a		nnal: Unnar rafar							
1DH 1EH	CH1 UMOV H CH1 UMOV_L	R R	n/a n/a	0 – 2000	innel: Upper refere	ance count value						
1FH	CH1 LMOV H	R	n/a	Movement cha	innel: Lower refere	ence count value						
20H	CH1 LMOV_L	R	n/a	0 - 2000								
21H	CH1_RAW_H	R	n/a		hannel: Unfiltered	count value (if ter	nperature feature	enabled)				
22H	CH1_RAW_L	R	n/a	0 - 2000								
23H	TEMPERATURE_H	R	n/a	Movement cha 0 – 2000	innel temperature	reference (a previ	ous value of temp	perature channel))			
24H 25H	TEMPERATURE_L LTA_HALT_TIMER_H	R R	n/a n/a		ner to give active for		a out Mayor		at this time-			
26H	LTA HALT TIMER L	R	n/a		ner to give active fo Oms Timer range		ie-out. Movemer	it events Will rese	et unis umer			
27H	FILTER_HALT_TIMER	R	n/a	Countdown tim		eedback on the fix	ed 5sec time-out	when in filter ha	It mode (before enter	ing Proximity det	tect)	
28H	TIMER_READ_INPUT	R	n/a	Countdown tim	ner to signal when ms Timer range:	a read operation i	s done on IO2					
29H	TIMER_REDO_ATI	R	n/a		ner to give active fo Oms Timer range		ne until re-calibra	tion is attempted	after ATI-error			





6 Summary: Features

Pin compatibility	Designs using the IQS229 or IQS128 will benefit from a "drop-in" replacement on a production device for evaluation. Using the added I ² C capability on the IQS231A/B will require an added connection to the master device.
	A DYCAL-type implementation (referring to dynamic threshold calibration) is recommended as main stability feature for the latest SAR user interface. Passing the device SAR qualification with this type of interface has been proven successful. "Quick release" detection is the improved "DYCAL"-type implementation and focusses on a release characteristic within a time window. Movement features add a second level of protection against stuck
DYCAL / Quick release	conditions with the quick release detection. The quick release will be detected on the proximity channel (not the secondary movement channel) and the signal slope will be
	monitored to enable the quick release. A single action from a touch/proximity state will trigger the quick release event and the event will only remain as long the proximity state holds.
Control in RF environments	 Several features are offered to ensure operation in various designs where high power RF signals may influence the sensing signal: Increased low frequency sensing options to allow for high impedance filter circuits Increased debounce option to prevent RF noise triggers Advanced temperature compensation for fast temperature variations caused by high power RF circuits Interference compensation for false triggers caused by conducted/radiated noise.
Advanced temperature & interference compensation	An improved compensation feature is offered to prevent false triggers due to quickly varying temperature & high interference environments. This feature effectively tracks temperature changes & compensates for interference only when no proximity trigger is present.
User interface selection	 The device offers 3 main UI's intended for SAR use. These are: Proximity UI, no continuous movement sensing Proximity UI, continuous movement sensing Proximity & touch UI, continuous movement sensing during proximity, no movement sensing during touch (No time-out during long duration stationary SAR tests)
	In all cases the use of the quick release feature is recommended to prevent typical non-human activations from remaining. In all cases "no movement" and "movement sensing" refers to the capacitive movement sensing during normal activation. "Handheld detection" and "quick release" features will enable movement sensing with a no-movement time-out, irrespective of which UI is selected.





Summary: Features (Continued 1)

Movement detection	Movement detection is designed to function as human presence detection in a localized area. This device can't be used to fulfil an accelerometer function ("G-sensor" function). Human presence detection requires an exception in SAR testing because the qualification testing only uses stationary "phantom bodies". Optimized human detection is offered through an integrated separate channel, dedicated towards human detection.
Sensitivity adjustment	Default input use: internal pull-up $(20k\Omega)$ by default, tie directly to GND for more sensitive option. Apart from the simple external adjustment, an external capacitor is recommended for sensitivity adjustments. 1pF is considered a small change in sensitivity, while 10pF changes are considered large. A maximum of 60pF load is recommended for effective proximity sensing.
Cx IO1 Failsafe heartbeat	A single pulse of 500µs is integrated on IO1. This pulse is the failsafe heartbeat, sent on each sensing event. This pulse will be sent during the "stabilize time" as shown in Figure 9.1. The failsafe indicator signal will precede the conversions (sampling). The failsafe signal will be repeated during burst mode in order to offer synchronization output to the master, indicating exactly when sensitive measurements are done. Measurement times have a fixed maximum which the user can implement. The failsafe signal is disabled by default and may be enabled via OTP option or I ² C initialize with standalone setup.
High configurability	Through I ² C the IQS231A/B can be used in many ways and the configuration can be updated during later stages of development than with the OTP route.
Switch I ² C to standalone	Configure the device via a dedicated I ² C type connection and switch to any standalone mode for runtime operation. This minimizes the processor load and spurious content from communication signals. Unexpected reset conditions should be managed via the failsafe pulse OTP option or by polling the device periodically. When the heartbeat disappears or I ² C responds to the polling, default state applies, and the master should reconfigure the device through I ² C.





Summary: Features (Continued 2)

Synchronize input	In order to ensure a stable sensing environment, sensing may be done in strategic time windows controlled by a master device.
Automatic tuning (ATI)	The ATI ensures optimal sensitivity during runtime for various sensor environments. Two channels are calibrated (proximity channel and movement channel). Both run on the same Cx pin in different time slots. An ATI-block time is defined to prevent re-ATI loops during touch release events. The ATI-block is fixed for the movement channel, and fixed for the standard touch/proximity channel
Reference signal behavior	LTA: signal reference behavior is optimized for SAR where trigger tests are important in product qualification. The LTA will therefore be slow while still able to prevent typical temperature drift from causing activations.
Start Control Byte S Adr + WRITE ACK Improved I ² C interface	 Standard I²C polling for: Debugging & normal use Device polling optimized for guaranteed response (within t_{CLK_stretch} – clock stretching will be applied to the bus SCL line)





7 Features: Extended Details

7.1 Automatic Tuning Implementation (ATI)

External sensor connections are calibrated in the following ways:

- > Power On Reset (proximity channel is calibrated at each POR)
- > Movement channel is only calibrated with POR when hand-held detection is enabled
- Proximity & movement channel is calibrated when the reference is out of bounds (1/8 of target counts). The reference of the proximity channel is rapidly adapted when capacitance moves away from the trigger threshold OR when an automatic "reseed" is done (Reseed: reference = actual sensor value). The reference of the movement channel is rapidly adapted in any direction of capacitive changes.
- > Redo-ATI of the proximity channel can be initiated by the user in I²C mode using an I²C command.

During each proximity channel ATI event, the proximity output is activated to indicate the event and ensure a safe output during the event and in the case of an ATI-error.

7.2 Sensitivity Adjustment

Apart from the simple external adjustment, an external capacitor is recommended for sensitivity adjustments. 1pF is considered a small change in sensitivity, while 10pF changes are considered large. A maximum of 60pF load is recommended for effective proximity sensing.





8 I²C Programming Guide (Summary)

The IQS231A/B device interfaces to a master controller via a 2-wire (SDA and SCL) serial interface bus that is I^2C^{TM} compatible, with a maximum communication speed of 400kbit/s.

The protocol acknowledges an address request independently. The I²C hardware module is awake for address recognition while the IQS231A/B is in sleep mode, giving the ability to wake the device at any time and effectively communicate via serial interface. This is different compared to other ultralow power Azoteq solutions where the communications module also sleeps during standard IC sleep times. Repeated polling requests where required in such case.

8.1 Add I²C Connection

When using I²C mode, ensure the connections as shown in Figure 2.2. Internal pull-up resistors are sufficient for communication speeds up to 100kbits/s with low capacitance on the lines (<15pF). For 400kbit/s, be sure to place pull-up resistors ($4.7k\Omega$ recommended)

8.2 I²C Command Structure

By writing to address 0x04, commands are sent to the device. The commands are as follows:

Reg 0x04 Bit	Name	Description	Toggle (yes/no)
0	SWITCH TO STANDALONE (warm boot)	Switch from I ² C so standalone outputs Soft reset, all registers remain as written, UI resets	No
1	Αυτο Ατι	Enable or disable automatic calibration when sensing signal is out of bounds	Yes
2-4	RESERVED	n/a	n/a
5	DISABLE SENSING	Disables all conversions	No
6	ENABLE SENSING	Enable capacitive sensing	No
7	ATI CH0	Perform re-calibration on proximity channel	No

Table 8.1 PC Command Structure





8.3 Control Byte

The Control byte indicates the 7-bit device address (44H default) and the Read/Write indicator bit. The structure of the control byte is shown in Figure 8.1.



Figure 8.1 IQS231A/B Control Byte

The I²C device has a 7-bit Slave Address (default 0x44H) in the control byte as shown in Figure 8.1. To confirm the address, the software compares the received address with the device address. Subaddress values can be set by OTP programming options.

The IQS231A/B has alternate slave address options of 0x46 and 0x47.

8.4 Test Mode (address 0x45)

During the power-on period (t_{test_mode}) the device will respond to polling requests on address **0x45** (test-mode address). Test-mode is used during IC production and OTP (programming) configuration.

With another device on the I^2C bus with address 0x45, power-up sequence and communication timing should be considered.

8.5 I²C Typical Setup

The typical I²C setup would adjust the following registers:

- Quick release beta
- Quick release threshold
- Movement threshold
- Touch threshold
- Proximity threshold
- Filter halt time
- User interface
- IC mode

The rest of the settings will only require adjustment with specific requirement.

8.6 I²C Read (Event Register)

Each I²C read will always return the event register (default address pointer) as the first byte. When reading from a specific register (write address before read), 2x reads should be done. See memory map first line for detail on the event register.

When reading without writing an address, the main events register data (default address pointer) is returned. Consecutive reads will step through the memory map, starting from address 0x00 after the default address pointer.





8.7 I²C Polling and Sensing Timing

Polling may be done at any time. Polling of the specific device will dictate the sensing rate.

Series resistance (example schematic R6 = R_{12C_series} & R7 = R_{12C_series}) on the I²C lines are effective in preventing interference on sensitive configurations. R_{12C_series} is recommended for using the IQS231A/B on a bus with other devices.

8.8 Movement Time-out Accuracy

When I²C mode is enabled (OTP bank 1 bit7:6 is not "00") the time out settings in register 0x09 bit7:4 will respond as shown in the graph below (typical measured values for a constant polling rate):



Figure 8.2 60 Second Movement Time-out vs Polling Rate

While any polling rate is acceptable for 100Hz sampling, it is recommended to poll slower than the sampling frequency in order to keep an accurate time-out.

8.9 Sampling Frequency vs Sensing Frequency

Sampling frequency (Reg 0x07 bit1:0) is the rate at which samples are taken by the sensor. The sensing frequency (Reg 0x07 bit7:6), or "charge transfer frequency" is the frequency at which the complete capacitive load is charged and discharged.

Depending on the charge transfer frequency, the sampling frequency is automatically adapted to accurately complete charge transfers for 30Hz (default) mode. For 100Hz mode, performance is prioritized, and sampling time may vary during "Prox with movement" UIs or "Temperature & interference compensation" enabled. In such case, Reg 0x07 bit1:0 is not forced to a different value. The automatic adapt is done as shown in Figure 8.3





Figure 8.3 Actual Sampling Period vs Sampling Frequency Selected¹



Figure 8.4 Actual 60 Second Time-out Example1 at Various Charge Transfer Frequencies

¹Testing was done to obtain typical values using the recommended schematic as in Table 3.1 (1uF capacitors for C1 & C3) at 25°C.



9 Configuration Options

The IQS231A/B offers various user selectable options. The options are defined via I²C setup or **OTP** configuration. OTP configured devices can be ordered pre-programmed for bulk orders or in-circuit programming techniques may be implemented during the product-testing phase. I²C setup allows access to all device settings while entering direct output mode when selected by the MCU.

Azoteq offers a Configuration Tool (CT210 or later) and associated software that can be used to program the OTP user options for prototyping purposes. For further information regarding this subject, please contact your local distributor or submit enquiries to Azoteq at: <u>info@azoteq.com</u>

9.1 OTP Details: Bank 0

Movement time-out (bit 7:6)	When no movement is detected within a time period, a movement time- out occurs. The reference is halted until the timer clears. After the timer clears, the reference signal is made equal to the actual signal, nullifying any signal delta that may have caused a proximity or touch event. The timer is reloaded with every movement event detected.
Movement threshold (bit 4)	A low count threshold region is defined for a movement signal internally stored. Movement characteristics accumulate and triggers as soon as it reaches the threshold. The accumulated effect restarts in order to detect the next possible movement event.
Quick release threshold (bit 3:2)	 The quick release feature will operate according to the parameters as specified in: DYCAL / Quick release definition Quick release beta Quick release threshold The quick release threshold defines the trigger point for the feature where the counts deviate from a quick release moving average in a certain direction. The direction is with increasing counts
Quick release beta (bit 1:0)	The quick release beta forms part of the quick release feature and is the filter intensity of the reference value used to follow the actual counts. The quick release triggers according to the difference between this reference value and the actual counts. When this value is large, the quick release will trigger for a variety of release types from slow to fast releases. When this value is small, the quick release will only trigger for fast releases.





9.2 OTP Details: Bank 1

IC mode (bit 7:6)	 Standalone (default), or I²C. Use I²C for runtime operation, or switch to standalone after initializing the device The advantage of this "runtime" option is explained in the Switch I2C to standalone section of the features summary. When choosing I²C, the address options of 0x44, 0x46 and 0x47 exist. Avoid the use of address 0x45 on this I²C-bus, this could activate a test mode in the IC during a power-up window.
Proximity Threshold (low/high) (bit 5:4)	By default, this is the only trigger threshold in the system (touch threshold also available). The threshold is adjustable in actual counts values (count values can be seen when streaming I ² C value through the IQS231A/B GUI). The threshold is the amount of counts the actual signal falls below the reference signal (long-term average) In the default configuration the input pin IO2 will be active. IO2 = VSS will enable the chosen option in the OTP (4-10 counts) IO2 = VDDHI (8-14 counts) The system will default to the IO2 = VSS option when sync input or movement output is enabled.
AC Filter (bit 3:2)	Incoming samples are slightly filtered by default (AC filter = 1). This option gives the ability to significantly increase the filter strength. Default is an IIR (infinite impulse response) filter of 2 (2^1). The "increased" options enable an IIR filter of 4 (2^2) or 8 (2^3). Movement detection is not affected by this setting. For movement detection the IIR filter is fixed on AC filter = 2.
Touch threshold (bit 1:0)	Threshold in counts that defines the level below the proximity threshold that cancels a quick release event and disables any active movement detection.





OTP Details: Bank 2 9.3 Once a threshold is crossed, a rapid debounce action ensures performance Increase in low SNR environments and short reaction time in low power modes. An Debounce increased debounce is offered for situations where RF noise coupling into the (bit 7) sensor is large The target count is an offset value of the actual system capacitance. The actual signal (expressed in counts) will be calibrated as close as possible to Target this value. (bit 6) A larger target optimizes sensitivity at the cost of charge transfer time. A lower target offers more stability, but less sensitivity. The base value is a lower target value for the actual signal and implies the **Base value** system gain. A base value of 100 and target of 1000 implies a x10 gain, while (bit 5:4) base value of 200 and target of 1000 implies a x5 gain. This bit only has an effect when User interface is set to Standalone. The output IO1 will have pulses superimposed on the regular output (pulse duration t_{failsafe}), separated by the sampling period. A pulse will be on output every time a capacitive conversion is done. Conversion rate and debounce events may be debugged through this output. Scan time Crx1 (touch Crx1 & prox) (movement) Sample time Failsafe Stabilize time Sleep time (bit 3) Response (standalone) Figure 9.1 Conversion signal on Cx Timing Description Burst mode to debounce Normal conversion rate proximity event Сх No prox 101 Prox detected Figure 9.2 Conversion Diagram with Failsafe Output Signal





OTP Details: Bank 2 (Continued)

Quick release (bit 2)	 The quick release feature can be disabled via this bit (enabled by default). The quick release feature offers improved user experience and does not influence trigger performance. The feature is directed at SAR applications, but also has significant benefits for long-term detection applications. The touch depth and speed of release is used to detect the instance where the user interaction implies a release condition. This is required for cases where the normal threshold release is not triggered for any of the following reasons: Device placed on table while releasing the hand (the capacitive influence of the table remains) Place device inside a bag while releasing the hand (the capacitive influence of the bag remains) Fit a protective cover during use (the capacitive influence of the cover remains) Extreme temperature (cool down) shift causes a shift in capacitive environment Capacitance impulse recovery (drop test, transient bursts etc.)
User interface (bit 1:0)	When movement UIs are enabled, the timeout is only active in the proximity region. When in touch, only quick release can get the IC out of a stuck condition. In such case no movement time-out for quick release is fixed at 2sec and no-movement time-out for proximity is as defined in OTPs





OTP Details: Bank 2 (Continued)







9.4 OTP Details:	Bank 3
Charge Transfer frequency (bit 7:6)	Various charge transfer frequencies are offered to allow for standard reference design filters to highly resistive and reactive filter elements. These options give the ability to retain signal integrity along with the isolation properties of the filter elements. These options are useful for hybrid antenna designs where the RF and sensing signal share the same conductive structure.
Temperature & Interference Compensation (bit 5)	Advanced temperature compensation is disabled by default. When enabled the IQS231A/B is able to track strong temperature changes when a proximity is not detected. This may be required when the sensor is placed on a PCB with highly varying temperature effects (example: close to an RF amplifier)
IO2 function (bit 4:3)	By default, Error! Reference source not found .IO2 will be a sensitivity adjustment input. An internal pull-up (R _{internal}) will by default select a less sensitive option (IO2 = VDDHI). By strapping then pin directly to Vss, a more sensitive option is selected (IO2 = VSS). When the movement output is enabled, the input defaults to the "more sensitive option" as shown with IO2 = VSS With the output enabled the movement events are shown on IO2. The output is in an active low, open drain configuration. The output will remain low for t _{awake} when movement is detected, and this will occur during the sample time after the movement trigger occurs (the movement trigger is delayed with the sample rate) For the no input, ignore output case, the threshold options will default to the more sensitive options i.e. 4/6/8/10. Sync input: The input (pin IO2) may be used to detect when to sense and when to halt the sensing.

Figure 9.6 Sync Input of the IQS231A/B





ATI events on IO1 (bit 2)	Calibration events (ATI) are shown on the standalone output pin (IO1). During this time, the calibration is active and proximity events during this time may influence the calibration time. The output is enabled by default and can be disabled through this bit
Sample rate (bit 1:0)	The various sample rates offered are mainly given for the user to determine an ideal balance between power consumption and response time. Overall response times of the IQS231A/B are improved with SAR trigger testing in mind. It is recommended to reduce or disable AC-filtering when using lower power modes to improve reaction time.





10 Full Programming Reference

A detailed list of the I²C registers follows and follows the structure of the <u>memory map summary</u> on page 14.

ADDR	Register name	Bit	Description
ххН	MAIN_EVENTS	7	n/a
		6	
		5	SENSING DISABLED – An indication of forced or implied times when no sensing signals are applied to the sense pin. When this bit is set and bit 2 is cleared, sensing is disabled. When this bit and bit 2 is set, sensing is enabled again.
		4	WARM BOOT – A software reset command in register 0x04 will lead to a warm boot. This will imply a reset for the user interface and re-calibration will be triggered.
		3	COLD BOOT – A hard reset (power supply cycle) will cause all registers to return to a default value. This indicator will imply the need to re-initialize the device.
		2	RELEASE – A touch, prox or sensing event may be paired with a release indication to show an exit of the flagged event.
		1	TOUCH – Disabled by default, this bit will be active when a touch and prox user interface is chosen.
		0	PROX - The main feedback bit to indicate an activation
00H	PRODUCT_ NUMBER	n/a	The product number is fixed at 0x40
01H	SOFTWARE_ VERSION	n/a	The software version is 0x06 for IQS231A The software version is 0x07 for IQS231B (firmware identical to 0x06)
02H	DEBUG_	7	n/a
	EVENTS	6	ATI_ERROR – when a recalibration cannot converge, due to external tampering or instability, this bit will indicate the error and implies that the calibration does not offer optimal sensitivity. The PROX event in the main events register will be set along with this bit in such case.
		5	CH0_ATI – An indication that a recalibration of the proximity sensing channel has occurred. With calibration, the PROX output in main events will be set and after calibration, the PROX output will release.
		4	n/a
		3	QUICK RELEASE – The quick release feature is a single event that is indicated here. This event will always imply an "ENTER MOV DETECT" but is not the only event that causes movement detection to be activated.
		2	EXIT MOV DETECT – The user interface dictates when the movement channel is deactivated. The deactivation of movement sensing will be reported in this bit.
		1	ENTER MOV DETECT – Movement detection is user interface dependant and not continually active. Movement detection implies that a separate movement channel is activated. This activation will be reported in this bit.
		0	MOVEMENT – Each trigger detected by the movement algorithm is reported as an event that resets along with each read operation.
03H	Reserved	n/a	ž i
04H	COMMANDS	7	ATI_CH0 – Recalibrate the proximity channel. Only after closing the communications window, a recalibration of the proximity sensing electrode will be started.
		6	DISABLE SENSING – Sensing can be disabled to save power or synchronize sensing in a more complex system and limit certain signals from affecting the measurement.
		5	ENABLE SENSING – Sensing can be enabled at strategic times to limit interference in the sensitive measurement environment.
			ENABLE / DISABLE sensing will be reflected in the MAIN_EVENTS register. ENABLE sensing will result in a "SENSING DISABLED" and "RELEASE" bit being set simultaneously.
		4	RESERVED
		3	
		2	
		1	AUTO ATI toggle on/off
		0	SWITCH TO STANDALONE – Triggers a user interface restart in standalone (GPIO) mode while keeping all register changes made. Sending the command will execute as soon as the communications window is closed.
05H	OTP Bank 1	7	Standalone / I ² C mode selection including I ² C address options (see OTP bank definition)
		6	*To switch to standalone mode directly from I ² C mode This powerful feature enables the designer to configure the device in I ² C mode and thereafter reduce the I ² C overhead and related EMI by switching to standalone for runtime. The actual mode switch occurs as soon as the communications window is closed with a stop command. It is recommended to enable the failsafe heartbeat when going from I ² C mode to standalone. The absence of the heartbeat should be used to indicate an unexpected
			reset event implying the need for I ² C reconfiguration
		5	reset event, implying the need for I ² C reconfiguration. Proximity Threshold (low/high) read only





ADDR	Register name	Bit	Description
		4	For reading OTP setting only. Note that the actual proximity threshold is defined in
		2	register 0x0B. AC Filter (see OTP bank definition)
		3	AC Filter (see OTP bank definition)
		1	Touch threshold (read only)
		0	For reading OTP setting only. Note that the actual touch threshold is defined in register
			0x0A.
06H	OTP Bank 2	7	Increase debounce (see OTP bank definition)
		6 5	Target (see OTP bank definition) Base value (see OTP bank definition)
		4	Dase value (see OTT Dank deminion)
		3	Failsafe (see OTP bank definition)
		2	Quick release (see OTP bank definition)
		1	User interface (see OTP bank definition)
0711	OTD Deals 2	0 7	
07H	OTP Bank 3	6	Charge transfer frequency
		5	Advanced temperature compensation (see OTP bank definition)
		4	IO2 function (see OTP bank definition)
		3	
		2	ATI events on IO1 (see OTP bank definition)
		1	Sample rate (see OTP bank definition)
08H	QUICK RELEASE	0	The OTP options for quick release (see Quick release threshold in OTP Bank 0) is
0011	QUICK NELLAUL	6	extended in I ² C mode to enable a very specific release characteristic.
		5	Quick release threshold look-up table:
		4	0x0 = 150 counts
			0x1 = 100 0x2 = 50
			$0x^2 = 30$ $0x^3 = 250$
			0x4 = 10
			0x5 = 20
			0x6 = 25 0x7 = 30
			0x7 = 30 0x8 = 75
			0x9 = 200
			0xA = 300
			0xB = 400
			0xC = 245 0xD = 230
			0xE = 335
			0xF = 500
		3	Quick release beta – This beta value is an indication of the filter strength used to track
		2	the characteristic of the release signal. The faster the tracking, the less likely the release will be detected (only very quick events will be detected). The slower the tracking, the
		1	more likely the quick release occur (quick events and slow events will be detected as a
		0	quick release)
			Practical values for the beta range between:
			0 (fast events only) and
			4 (fast and slow events) The maximum of 0xF is impractical and high values are not recommended.
09H	MOVEMENT	7	MOVEMENT TIME-OUT - Depending on the user interface, a movement detection
		6	channel may be started along with specific events (proximity / quick release).
		5	The timer is set and cleared as mentioned in Movement time-out (OTP Bank 0). No movement time-out value:
		4	0x0 = 0s
			0x1 = 0.5s
			0x2 = 1s
			0x3 = 2s 0x4 = 4s
			0x4 = 4S 0x5 = 5S
			0x6 = 10s
			0x7 = 20s
			0x8 = 30s 0x0 = 1min
			0x9 = 1min 0xA = 2min
			0xB = 5min
			0xC = 10min
			0xD = 30min
			0xE = 60min
			0xF = 90min





0 3 MOVEMENT THRESHOLD. Movement threshold = (Value x 2) Available range: 0 - 30 0 For description see Movement threshold in OTP Bank 1. Note that the movement threshold in OTP Bank 1 is loaded in this register at star and the OTP setting becomes read only. All movement threshold adjustments performed in this register. 0 will cause movement to always trigger. 0AH TOUCH THRESHOLD n/a Touch threshold = (Value x 4) + 4 Available range: 4 - 1024 For details on the touch threshold operation and uses see Touch threshold in OTP Bank 1 is loaded in this register at start up and OTP setting becomes read only. All touch threshold adjustments are performed in register. 0BH PROXIMITY THRESHOLD 7 6 5 4 4 2 0BH PROXIMITY THRESHOLD 7 6 5 4 4 1 0 Proximity threshold Available range: 4 - 10 (IO2 low / I²C mode) Available range: 8 - 14 (IO2 high) For details on the proximity threshold operation and uses see Proximity Thres (low/high) in OTP Bank 1. Note that the proximity threshold in OTP Bank 1 is loaded in this register at start up the OTP setting becomes read only. All runtime proximity threshold adjustments performed in this register. 0CH Temperature N/a 0 - 255	ADDR	Register name	Bit	Description
2 Movement threshold = (Value x 2) 1 Available range: 0 = 30 0 For description see Movement threshold in OTP Bank 0. 0AH TOUCH THRESHOLD n/a 0AH TOUCH THRESHOLD n/a 0BH PROXIMITY 7 6 5 7 7 7	, abbit	rtogiotor namo	-	
1 Available range: 0 - 30 0 0 For description see Movement threshold in OTP Bank 0. Note that the movement threshold in OTP Bank 1 is loaded in this register at star and the OTP setting becomes read only. All movement threshold adjustments performed in his register. 7 while x 4) + 4 0AH TOUCH THRESHOLD n/a Touch threshold = foutout threshold operation and uses see Touch threshold in OTP Bank 1 is loaded in this register at star performation threshold in OTP Bank 1 is loaded in this register at start up and OTP setting becomes read only. All touch threshold adjustments are performed in register. 0BH PROXIMITY THRESHOLD 7 Reserved 3 2 Proximity threshold 1 Proximity threshold operation and uses see Proximity Threshold 2 0CH Temperature interference tracking n/a Proximity threshold OTP Eank 1 is loaded in this register at start up the OTP setting becomes read only. All routine proximity threshold adjustments performed in this register. 0DH Temperature interference tracking n/a 0 - 255 0FH OH Multipliers 7 Reserved 3 2 CH0 Compensation n/a 0 - 255 CH0 Compensation n/a 0 - 255 CH0 Compensation n/a 0				
0 For description see Movement threshold in OTP Bank 0. 0AH TOUCH not that the movement threshold in OTP Bank 10. 0AH TOUCH not that the movement threshold in OTP Bank 10. 0AH TOUCH not the that the movement threshold in OTP Bank 10. 0AH TOUCH not the that the touch with evaluation on the touch threshold not DTP Bank 10. 0AH TOUCH not the thet the touch threshold not DTP Bank 11. 0BH PROXIMITY 7 1 Available range: 4 - 1024 1 Proximity threshold 0BH PROXIMITY 7 1 Proximity threshold 0				
OAH TOUCH THRESHOLD n/a Touch threshold in View x1) + 4 OAH TOUCH THRESHOLD n/a Touch threshold in View x1) + 4 OAH TOUCH THRESHOLD n/a Touch threshold in View x1) + 4 OBH PROXIMITY 7 Tore that the touch threshold in OTP Bank 1 is loaded in this register at start up and OTP setting becomes read only. All rouch threshold adjustments are performed in register. OBH PROXIMITY 7 T THRESHOLD 6 6 4 Aalable range: 4 - 10 (IO2 low / I/C mode) Available range: 5 - 14 (IO2 low) / I/C mode) Available range: 6 - 14 (IO2 low) / I/C mode) Available range: 6 - 14 (IO2 low) / I/C mode) Available range: 6 - 14 (IO2 low) / I/C mode) Available range: 6 - 14 (IO2 low) / I/C mode) Available range: 6 - 14 (IO2 low) / I/C mode) Available range: 6 - 14 (IO2 low) / I/C mode) Available range: 6 - 14 (IO2 low) / I/C mode) Available range: 6 - 14 (IO2 low) / I/C mode) Available range: 6 - 14 (IO2 low) / I/C mode) Available range: 6 - 14 (IO2 low) / I/C mode) Available range: 6 - 14 (IO2 low) / I/C mode) Available range: 7 - 14 (IO2 low) / I/C mode) Available range: 7 - 14 (IO2 low) / I/C mode) Available range: 7 - 14 (IO2 low) / I/C mode) Available range: 7 - 14 (IO2 low) / I/C mode) Available range: 7 - 14 (IO2 low) / I/C mode) Available range: 7 - 14 (IO2 low) / I/C mode) Available range: 7 - 14 (IO2 low) / I/C mode) Available range: 7 - 14 (IO2 low) / I/C mode) Available range: 7 - 14 (IO2 low) / I/C mode) Available range: 7 - 14 (IO2 low) / I/C low) / I/C low / I/C low) / I/C low / I/C low / I/C low)				
OAH TOUCH THRESHOLD n/a rought register. Own chromosolic (Value x 4) + 4 Note that the couch threshold (Value x 4) + 4 Available range: 4 - 1024 For details on the touch threshold operation and uses see Touch threshold in OTP Bank 1 is loaded in this register at start up and OTP setting becomes read only. All touch threshold adjustments are performed in register. 0BH PROXIMITY 7 For details on the touch threshold operation and uses see Touch threshold adjustments are performed in register. 0BH PROXIMITY 7 For details on the proximity threshold adjustments are performed in register. 0BH PROXIMITY 7 For details on the proximity threshold adjustments are performed in this register. 0CH Temperature & for details on the proximity threshold on OTP Bank 1 is loaded in this register at start up and only. All runnine proximity threshold adjustments performed in this register. 0CH Temperature & for details on the proximity threshold on OTP Bank 1 is loaded in this register at start up and only. All runnine proximity threshold adjustments performed in this register. 0DH CH0 Multipliers n/a 0 - 250 0DH CH0 Compensation n/a 0 - 255 0FH CH1 Multipliers 7 Reserved 1 CH1 Compensation			Ŭ	Note that the movement threshold in OTP Bank 1 is loaded in this register at start up
OAH TOUCH THRESHOLD n/a Touch threshold = (Value x 4) + 4 Available range: 4 - 1024 0 PROXIMITY THRESHOLD n/a Touch threshold a operation and uses see Touch threshold in OTP E or pesting becomes read only. All touch threshold adjustments are performed in register. 0BH PROXIMITY THRESHOLD 7 Reserved 1 Available range: 4 - 10 (IO2 low / IYC mode) Available range: 8 - 14 (IO2 high) Proximity threshold 1 Proximity threshold in OTP Bank 1 is loaded in this register at start up and Available range: 8 - 14 (IO2 high) Provinity threshold in OTP Bank 1 is loaded in this register at start up the OTP sating becomes read only. All runtime proximity threshold adjustments performed in this register. 0CH Temperature & n/a n/a 0 - 255 0DH CH0 Compensation n/a 0 - 255 0DH CH1 Multipliers 7 Reserved 1 CH0 Compensation n/a 0 - 255 0DH CH1 Compensation n/a 0 - 255				and the OTP setting becomes read only. All movement threshold adjustments are
THRESHOLD Available range: 4 - 1024 For details on the touch threshold operation and uses see Touch threshold in OTP E 0BH PROXIMITY 7 - 0BH PROXIMITY 7 - 1 PROXIMITY 7 - 1 Proximity threshold - - 0BH PROXIMITY 7 - 1 Proximity threshold - - 1 Proximity threshold - - 0 Available range: 4 - 10 (102 low / IPC mode) - - - - - - - - 0 - - - - - - - 0 -				performed in this register. 0 will cause movement to always trigger.
BH PROXIMITY 7 OBH PROXIMITY 7 THRESHOLD 6 6 7 7 Reserved 1 Proximity threshold 0 CP bating becomes read only. All touch threshold adjustments are performed in register. 0 7 Reserved 1 Proximity threshold 0 2 2 1 2 1 Proximity threshold 1 Proximity threshold 0 CP setting becomes read only. All touch threshold adjustments are performed in register at start up and towing in OTP Bank 1. 0 Available range: 4 - 10 (102 low / I*C mode) Available range: 4 - 10 (102 low / I*C mode) Available range: 4 - 10 (102 low / I*C mode) Available range: 4 - 10 (102 low / I*C mode) 1 Note that the proximity threshold on OTP Bank 1 is loaded in this register at start up and only. All runtime proximity threshold adjustments are performed in this register. 0CH Temperature & Infance N/A 0 -255 Default 3. Low values are recommended for intended effect. Use a higher value w transpiration multiplier (Values: 0 - 15) 0FH CH0 Compensation	0AH	TOUCH	n/a	
1. Note that the touch threshold in OTP Bank 1 is loaded in this register at start up and OTP setting becomes read only. All touch threshold adjustments are performed in register. 0BH PROXIMITY THRESHOLD 7 6 6 7 8 1 Proximity threshold 1 Proximity threshold 1 Proximity threshold 1 Proximity threshold in OTP Bank 1. Note that the proximity threshold in OTP Bank 1 is loaded in this register at start up the OTP setting becomes read only. All runtime proximity threshold adjustments performed in this register. 0CH Temperature & for details on the proximity threshold in OTP Bank 1 is loaded in this register at start up the OTP setting becomes read only. All runtime proximity threshold adjustments performed in this register. 0CH Temperature & for details on the proximity threshold in OTP Bank 1. 0DH CH0 Multipliers 7 6 Reserved 5 CH0 Compensation 0DH CH0 Compensation n/a 10 -255 0FH CH1 Multipliers 7 7 Reserved 5 CH1 Compensation 11H System		THRESHOLD		Available range: 4 – 1024
OBH PROXIMITY THRESHOLD 7 6 5 4 4 2 Reserved 0BH PROXIMITY THRESHOLD 7 6 5 4 4 3 Reserved 0L Proximity threshold Available range: 4 - 10 (1/22 low / PC mode) Avaint Avail Avaaced tempretare tracking active Availa				
OFF setting becomes read only. All touch threshold adjustments are performed in register. 0BH PROXIMITY 7 1 Frequency 7 4 3 7 1 Proximity threshold 7 4 3 7 1 Proximity threshold renge: 4 - 10 (IO2 low / IPC mode) Available range: 4 - 14 (IO2 low) Promotinity threshold on operation and uses see Proximity Three for details on the proximity threshold in OTP Bank 1 is loaded in this register at start up the OTP setting becomes read only. All runtime proximity threshold adjustments performed in this register. 0CH Temperature & n/a 0 -255 0DH CH0 Multipliers 7 Reserved 5 CH0 Compensation N/a 0 - 255 0FH CH1 Multipliers 7 Reserved 5 6 CH1 Sensitivity Multiplier (Values: 0 - 15) 0 0 0FH CH1 Compensation n/a 0 - 255 0 0FH CH1 Multipliers 7 Reserved 5 0 6 CH1 Compensation n/a 0 - 255 0				
OBH PROXIMITY 7 0BH PROXIMITY 7 1 Reserved 2 1 Proximity threshold 4 3 2 1 Proximity threshold 0 Available range: 8 - 14 (IC2 ligh) For details on the proximity threshold operation and uses see Proximity Threshold operation and uses see Proximity Threshold control to this register at start up the OTP setting bacomes read only. All runtime proximity threshold adjustments performed in this register. 0CH Temperature n/a 0DH CH0 Multipliers 7 7 Reserved 5 2 1 CH0 Compensation n/a 0DH CH0 Compensation n/a 0 - 255 0FH CH1 Multipliers 7 Reserved 5 CH1 Compensation n/a 0 - 255 0FH CH1 Compensation n/a 0 - 255 0FH CH1 Compensation n/a 0 - 255 1 Compensation n/a 0 - 255 10H CH1 Compensation n/a </td <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>				
OBH PROXIMITY THRESHOLD 7 6 6 6 6 7 1 Proximity threshold 0 Available range: 8 – 10 (IO2 low / IPC mode) Available range: 8 – 14 (IO2 high) 0 Available range: 8 – 14 (IO2 high) For details on the proximity threshold operation and uses see Proximity Thres (lowhigh) in OTP Bank 1. Is loaded in this register at start up the OTP setting becomes read only. All runtime proximity threshold adjustments 0 – 255 0CH Temperature interference tracking n/a 0 – 255 0DH CH0 Multipliers 7 Reserved 6 CH0 Compensation 0 – 255 0FH CH0 Compensation 0 – 255 0FH CH1 Multipliers 7 7 Reserved 6 6 CH1 Sensitivity Multiplier (Values: 0 – 15) 0 0 2 0FH CH1 Multipliers 7 7 Reserved 6 CH1 Sensitivity Multiplier (Values: 0 – 15) 0 0 2 0FH CH1 Multipliers 7 7 Reserved				
THRESHOLD 6 6 3 2 1 Reserved 2 1 Proximity threshold Available range: 4 - 10 (IO2 low / PC mode) Available range: 8 - 14 (IO2 high) For details on the proximity threshold operation and uses see Proximity Thres (low high) in OTP Bank 1 is loaded in this register at start up thore the setting becomes read only. All runtime proximity threshold adjustments performed in this register. 0CH Temperature n/a 0 - 255 0DH CH0 Multipliers 7 6 Reserved 2 1 CH0 Compensation n/a 0DH CH0 Compensation n/a 0 - 255 0FH CH0 Compensation n/a 0 - 255 0FH CH1 Multipliers 7 7 Reserved 3 2 CH0 Compensation n/a 0FH CH1 Multipliers 7 7 Reserved 1 CH1 Compensation n/a 0 - 255 0FH CH1 Compensation n/a 0 - 255 0FH CH1 Compensation n/a 0 - 255 1 CH1 Compensation n/a 0 - 255 10H CH1 Compensation n/a 0 - 255 </td <td>0.011</td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td>register.</td>	0.011		-	register.
Bit State Reserved 2 Proximity threshold 4	ORH	_		
		INKESHOLD	-	
3 - 1 Proximity threshold 0 Available range: 4 - 14 (IO2 high) 7 Available range: 4 - 14 (IO2 high) For details on the proximity threshold operation and uses see Proximity Thres (lowhigh) in OTP Bank 1. Note that the proximity threshold operation and uses see Proximity Threshold (lowhigh) in OTP Bank 1. 0CH Temperature n/a 0 - 255 0DH CH0 Multipliers 7 Reserved 5 CH0 Sensitivity Multiplier (Values: 0 - 3) -15) 0EH CH0 Compensation 0 - 255 0FH CH1 Multipliers 7 7 Reserved				Reserved
2 Proximity threshold 1 Proximity threshold 0 Available range: A - 10 (IO2 low / IPC mode) Available range: A - 10 (IO2 low / IPC mode) Available range: A - 10 (IO2 low / IPC mode) Available range: A - 10 (IO2 low / IPC mode) Available range: A - 10 (IO2 low / IPC mode) Available range: A - 10 (IO2 low / IPC mode) Note that the proximity threshold on OTP Bank 1 is loaded in this register at start up the OTP setting becomes read only. All runtime proximity threshold adjustments performed in this register. 0CH Temperature & no isy environment. 0DH CHO Multipliers 7 6 Reserved 7 Reserved 6 CHO Compensation 0FH CHO Compensation n/a 0 - 255 0FH CHI Multipliers 7 7 Reserved 6 CHO Compensation 0 - 255 0 - 255 0 - 255 10H CH1 Compensation n/a 12 CH1 Compensation - 255 <			-	
1 Proximity threshold 0 Available range: 8 - 10 (IO2 low / FC mode) Available range: 8 - 14 (IO2 liph) For details on the proximity threshold operation and uses see Proximity Thres (low/high) in OTP Bank 1. 0CH Temperature & interference tracking threshold no 0DH CH0 Multipliers 7 6 CH0 Sensitivity Multiplier (Values: 0 - 3) 3 2 1 CH0 Compensation 0FH CH0 Compensation 0FH CH0 Compensation 0FH CH1 Multipliers 7 Reserved 6 CH0 Compensation 0FH CH1 Compensation 0FH CH1 Compensation 0FH CH1 Compensation 0FH CH1 Compensation 11H System flags 7 FC mode active bit 7 Compensation multiplier (Values: 0 - 15) 0 0 11H System flags 7 FC mode active bit 7 FC mode active bit 7 FC mode active bit 11H CH1 C				
0 Available range: A - 10 (IO2 low) / IPC mode) Available range: B - 14 (IO2 high) For details on the proximity threshold operation and uses see Proximity Thres (low/high) in OTP Bank 1. Note that the proximity threshold in OTP Bank 1 is loaded in this register at start up the OTP setting becomes read only. All runtime proximity threshold adjustments performed in this register. 0CH Temperature a interference tracking threshold n/a 0 - 255 0DH CH0 Multipliers 7 Reserved 6 Reserved				Dravinity thread ald
OCH Temperature & interference tracking to the proximity threshold in the proximity threshold operation and uses see Proximity Threshold operation and uses see Proximity Threshold of OTP Bank 1 is loaded in this register at start up the OTP setting becomes read only. All runtime proximity threshold adjustments performed in this register. 0CH Temperature & interference tracking to O = 255 0 - 255 0DH CH0 Multipliers 7 Reserved 6 CH0 Compensation 0 - 255 0FH CH0 Compensation 0 - 255 0FH CH1 Multipliers 7 7 Reserved 6 CH0 Compensation 0 - 255 0FH CH1 Multipliers 7 7 Reserved 6 6 CH1 Compensation 0 - 255 0FH CH1 Multipliers 7 7 Reserved 6 6 CH1 Compensation 0 - 255 11H System flags 7 PC mode active bit 6 Advanced temperature tracking active 1 11H System flags 7 PC mode active bit 7 PC mode ac				
OCH Temperature & interference tracking threshold in OTP Bank 1. Note that the proximity threshold in OTP Bank 1 is loaded in this register at start up the OTP setting becomes read only. All runtime proximity threshold adjustments performed in this register. OCH Temperature & interference tracking threshold n/a 0 - 255 ODH CH0 Multipliers 7 Reserved 6 CH0 Compensation n/a 0 - 255 0 CH1 Compensation n/a 0 - 255 0FH CH1 Multipliers 7 Reserved 6 Reserved 6 6 7 Reserved 6 6 0 0 0 0 0 0EH CH0 Compensation n/a 0 - 255 0FH CH1 Multipliers 7 Reserved 5 CH1 Compensation n/a 0 - 255 0FH CH1 Compensation n/a 0 - 255 11 System flags 7 IPC mode active bit 12H OSYstem flags 7 IPC mode active bit 13 1			U	
0CH Temperature n/a 0 -255 0DH CH0 Multipliers 7 Reserved 1 CH0 Compensation n/a 0 - 255 0CH CH0 Multipliers 7 Reserved 2 CH0 Sensitivity Multiplier (Values: 0 - 3) -3 2 CH0 Compensation n/a 0 - 255 0FH CH0 Compensation n/a -255 0FH CH0 Compensation n/a -255 0FH CH1 Multipliers 7 Reserved 5 CH0 Compensation n/a -255 0FH CH1 Multipliers 7 Reserved 6 Served -2 -2 1 Ch1 Compensation n/a 0 - 255 0FH CH1 Multipliers 7 Reserved 5 CH1 Compensation -25 -11 10H CH1 Compensation n/a 0 - 255 11H System flags 7 FC mode active bit 6 A				
OCH Temperature & interference tracking threshold n/a 0 – 255 ODH CH0 Multipliers 7 Reserved 2 CH0 Compensation n/a 0 – 255 0DH CH0 Compensation n/a 0 – 255 0FH CH1 Multipliers 7 Reserved 3 2 2 2 1 CH0 Compensation n/a 0 – 255 0FH CH1 Multipliers 7 Reserved 5 CH1 Sensitivity Multiplier (Values: 0 – 15) 0 1 CH1 Compensation n/a 0 – 255 11 CH1 Sensitivity Multiplier (Values: 0 – 15) 0 10H CH1 Compensation n/a 0 – 255 11 CH1 Compensation n/a 0 – 255 11 CM3 Compensation n/a 0 – 255				
OCH Temperature & interference tracking interfer				
OCH Temperature interference tracking threshold n/a 0 – 255 ODH CH0 Multipliers 7 Reserved 6 6 CH0 Compensation 7 7 Reserved 7 CH0 Compensation 7 0 0 2 CH0 Compensation 0 25 0 0 0 0 2 0 0 0EH CH0 Compensation n/a 0 -255 0 -15 0FH CH1 Multipliers 7 Reserved 6 6 6 6 6 CH1 Compensation n/a 0 -255 -15 0FH CH1 Multipliers 7 Reserved 6 6 -15 1 CH1 Compensation n/a 0 -255 -15 -15 1 CH1 Compensation n/a 0 -255 -15 -15 1 CH1 Compensation n/a 0 -255 -15 -16				the OTP setting becomes read only. All runtime proximity threshold adjustments are
OCH Temperature & interference tracking threshold n/a 0 - 255 ODH CH0 Multipliers 7 Reserved 6 7 Reserved 7 CH0 Sensitivity Multiplier (Values: 0 - 3) 3 2 CH0 Compensation 0 0 - 255 CH0 Compensation 0FH CH0 Compensation n/a 0 - 255 0FH CH1 Multipliers 7 Reserved 6 7 Reserved 7 7 Reserved 7 7 1 CH1 Compensation n/a 0 - 255 10 0 0 2 2 1 CH1 Compensation n/a 0 - 255 11 CH1 Compensation n/a 0 - 255 11 CH1 Compensation n/a				
interference tracking threshold Default 3. Low values are recommended for intended effect. Use a higher value w using the feature in a noisy environment. 0DH CH0 Multipliers 7 6 4 Reserved 6 7 4 CH0 Sensitivity Multiplier (Values: 0 – 3) 7 7 7 7 6 0 CH0 Compensation 0 n/a 0 – 255 0FH CH1 Multipliers 7 6 Reserved 5 7 7 CH1 Sensitivity Multiplier (Values: 0 – 15) 0 0FH CH1 Multipliers 7 6 Reserved 5 7 CH1 Compensation 2 CH1 Compensation multiplier (Values: 0 – 15) 0 0 0 0 10H CH1 Compensation 11H n/a 0 – 255 10H CH1 Compensation 12 n/a 0 – 255 11H System flags 7 I/2 mode active bit 3 Advanced temperature tracking active 5 CH1 ACTIVE – Indicates that some proximity shift has been detected accor to the threshold in register 0x35 bit 7. This event automatically clears if a proximi not detected within tage: Indicates that SCH0 or CH1 is busy with the recalibration routine. Read AT1 in flags in negister 0x35 bit 7. This event automatically clears if a proximi not detected within tage: Indicates that SCH0 or CH1 is busy with the recalibration routine. Read A	0CH	Temperature &	n/a	
0DH CH0 Multipliers 7 6 4 Reserved 5 4 CH0 Sensitivity Multiplier (Values: 0 – 3) 3 2 CH0 Compensation multiplier (Values: 0 – 15) 0EH CH0 Compensation n/a 0FH CH1 Multipliers 7 6 Reserved 6 CH1 Sensitivity Multiplier (Values: 0 – 15) 6 0FH CH1 Compensation n/a 0 – 255 1 CH1 Compensation 7 Reserved 6 CH1 Sensitivity Multiplier (Values: 0 – 3) 3 2 CH1 Compensation 1 CH1 Compensation 10H CH1 Compensation n/a 0 – 255 11H System flags 7 IPC mode active bit 6 Advanced temperature tracking active 5 7 IPC mode active bit 1 11H System flags 7 IPC mode active bit 6 Advanced temperature tracking active 1 7 RESERVED 3 NO SYNC – no sync input active bit 1 ATI MODE – Indicates that CH0 or CH1 is busy				Default 3. Low values are recommended for intended effect. Use a higher value when
0DH CH0 Multipliers 7 6 4 Reserved 5 4 CH0 Sensitivity Multiplier (Values: 0 – 3) 3 2 CH0 Compensation multiplier (Values: 0 – 15) 0EH CH0 Compensation n/a 0FH CH1 Multipliers 7 6 Reserved 6 CH1 Sensitivity Multiplier (Values: 0 – 15) 6 0FH CH1 Compensation n/a 0 – 255 1 CH1 Compensation 7 Reserved 6 CH1 Sensitivity Multiplier (Values: 0 – 3) 3 2 CH1 Compensation 1 CH1 Compensation 10H CH1 Compensation n/a 0 – 255 11H System flags 7 IPC mode active bit 6 Advanced temperature tracking active 5 7 IPC mode active bit 1 11H System flags 7 IPC mode active bit 6 Advanced temperature tracking active 1 7 RESERVED 3 NO SYNC – no sync input active bit 1 ATI MODE – Indicates that CH0 or CH1 is busy		0		
0EH CH0 Compensation multiplier (Values: 0 – 3) 0	0DH	CH0 Multipliers	7	
4 CH0 Sensitivity Multiplier (Values: 0 – 3) 3 2 2 CH0 Compensation multiplier (Values: 0 – 15) 0 0 0FH CH1 Compensation 0FH CH1 Multipliers 7 Reserved 5 CH1 Sensitivity Multiplier (Values: 0 – 3) 3 2 2 CH1 Compensation 1 CH1 Compensation multiplier (Values: 0 – 3) 3 2 1 CH1 Compensation 10H CH1 Compensation 11H System flags 7 PC mode active bit 6 Advanced temperature tracking active 5 CH1 ACTIVE - Indicates if the movement channel (CH1) is activated 4 RESERVED 3 NO SYNC – no sync input active bit CH0 LTA HALTED – Indicates that some proximity shift has been detected accord to the threshold in register 0x05 bit 7. This event automatically clears if a proximin not detected within ture hat 1 ATI MODE – Indicates that CH0 or CH1 is busy with the recalibration routine. Read ATI inflags in register 0x13 for more information 12H UI flags 7 6 Reserved			6	Reserved
1 3 2 CH0 Compensation multiplier (Values: 0 – 15) 0EH CH0 Compensation n/a 0 – 255 0FH CH1 Multipliers 7 Reserved 6 CH1 Sensitivity Multiplier (Values: 0 – 3) 3 2 CH1 Compensation n/a 0 – 255 10H CH1 Compensation n/a 0 – 255 11H System flags 7 I*C mode active bit 11H System flags 7 I*C mode active bit 6 Advanced temperature tracking active 5 5 CH1 ACTIVE – Indicates if the movement channel (CH1) is activated 4 RESERVED 3 3 NO SYNC – no sync input active bit CH0 LTA HALTED – Indicates that some proximity shift has been detected accord to the threshold in register 0x13 for more information 1 ATI MODE – Indicates that CH0 or CH1 is busy with the recalibration routine. Read ATI in flags in register 0x13 for more information 12H UI flags 7 6 Reserved 5 4 4 Auto-ATI off bit			5	CLIQ Constitute Multiplier (Values 0 2)
2 CH0 Compensation multiplier (Values: 0 – 15) 0EH CH0 Compensation n/a 0 – 255 0FH CH1 Multipliers 7 Reserved 5 CH1 Sensitivity Multiplier (Values: 0 – 3) 3 2 CH1 Compensation n/a 0 – 255 10H CH1 Compensation n/a 0 – 255 10H CH1 Compensation n/a 0 – 255 11H System flags 7 I'C mode active bit 6 Advanced temperature tracking active 5 5 CH1 ACTIVE – Indicates if the movement channel (CH1) is activated 4 RESERVED 3 3 NO SYNC – no sync input active bit CH0 LT1 HALTED – Indicates that some proximity shift has been detected accord to the threshold in register 0x05 bit 7. This event automatically clears if a proximity not detected within type-halt 1 ATI MODE – Indicates that CH0 or CH1 is busy with the recalibration routine. Read ATI in flags in register 0x13 for more information 12H UI flags 7 6 Reserved 5 4 4 Auto-ATI off biti <td< td=""><td></td><td></td><td>4</td><td>CHO Sensitivity multiplier (values: $0 - 3$)</td></td<>			4	CHO Sensitivity multiplier (values: $0 - 3$)
1 0 0EH CH0 Compensation n/a 0 – 255 0FH CH1 Multipliers 7 Reserved 6 CH1 Sensitivity Multiplier (Values: 0 – 3) 3 2 CH1 Compensation n/a 0 – 255 1 CH1 Compensation n/a 0 – 255 10H CH1 Compensation n/a 0 – 255 11H System flags 7 I2C mode active bit 6 Advanced temperature tracking active 6 11H System flags 7 I2C mode active bit 6 Advanced temperature tracking active 6 1 ACTIVE – Indicates if the movement channel (CH1) is activated 4 RESERVED 3 3 NO SYNC – no sync input active bit CH0 LTA HALTED – Indicates that some proximity shift has been detected accor to the threshold in register 0x05 bit 7. This event automatically clears if a proximine not detected within tiger hat 1 ATI MODE – Indicates that CH0 or CH1 is busy with the recalibration routine. Read ATI in flags in register 0x13 for more information 12H UI flags 7 6 Reserved 5 4 Auto-ATI off bit			3	
1 0 0EH CH0 Compensation n/a 0 – 255 0FH CH1 Multipliers 7 Reserved 5 CH1 Sensitivity Multiplier (Values: 0 – 3) 4 2 CH1 Compensation n/a 0 – 255 10H CH1 Compensation n/a 0 – 255 11H System flags 7 I²C mode active bit 6 Advanced temperature tracking active 5 11H System flags 7 I²C mode active bit 6 Advanced temperature tracking active 5 11H System flags 7 I²C mode active bit 6 Advanced temperature tracking active 5 7 CH1 ACTIVE – Indicates if the movement channel (CH1) is activated 4 RESERVED 3 3 NO SYNC – no sync input active bit 7 1 CH1 MUTE – Indicates that CH0 or CH1 is busy with the recalibration routine. Read 1 ATI MODE – Indicates that CH0 or CH1 is busy with the recalibration routine. Read 1 ATI in flags in register 0x13 for more information			2	CLIC Componentian multiplier () (aluga) 0. (15)
0EH CH0 Compensation n/a 0 – 255 0FH CH1 Multipliers 7 Reserved 6 5 CH1 Sensitivity Multiplier (Values: 0 – 3) 3 2 CH1 Compensation n/a 10 CH1 Compensation n/a 0 – 255 11 0 CH1 Compensation n/a 0 – 255 11H System flags 7 I²C mode active bit 6 6 Advanced temperature tracking active 5 CH1 ACTIVE – Indicates if the movement channel (CH1) is activated 4 RESERVED 3 NO SYNC – no sync input active bit CH0 LTA HALTED – Indicates that some proximity shift has been detected accor 2 to the threshold in register 0x05 bit 7. This event automatically clears if a proximin not detected within f _{ther halt} 1 ATI MODE – Indicates that CH0 or CH1 is busy with the recalibration routine. Read ATI in flags in register 0x13 for more information 1 ATI MODE – A teach threshold of the proximity channel (proximity & to threshold), a signal "debounce" is done rapidly. During this rapid event, this bit wi set. 12H UI flags 7 6 Reserved 5 4 Aut			1	CHO Compensation multiplier (Values: 0 – 15)
0FH CH1 Multipliers 7 Reserved 6 CH1 Sensitivity Multiplier (Values: 0 – 3) 3 2 CH1 Compensation multiplier (Values: 0 – 15) 10H CH1 Compensation n/a 0 – 255 11H System flags 7 I²C mode active bit 6 Advanced temperature tracking active 5 CH1 ACTIVE – Indicates if the movement channel (CH1) is activated 4 RESERVED 3 NO SYNC – no sync input active bit CH0 LTA HALTED – Indicates that some proximity shift has been detected accord to the threshold in register 0x05 bit 7. This event automatically clears if a proximin not detected within t _{titter halt} 1 ATI MODE – Indicates that CH0 or CH1 is busy with the recalibration routine. Read AT1 in flags in register 0x13 for more information 11 ATI MODE – At each threshold of the proximity channel (proximity & to threshold), a signal "debounce" is done rapidly. During this rapid event, this bit wi set. 12H UI flags 7 6 Reserved 5 4 4 Auto-ATI off bit 3 Sensing disabled indication bit			0	
6 Reserved 5 CH1 Sensitivity Multiplier (Values: 0 – 3) 4 2 1 2 10H CH1 Compensation 10H CH1 Compensation 11H System flags 7 I²C mode active bit 6 Advanced temperature tracking active 5 CH1 ACTIVE – Indicates if the movement channel (CH1) is activated 4 RESERVED 3 NO SYNC – no sync input active bit CH0 LTA HALTED – Indicates that some proximity shift has been detected accor 2 to the threshold in register 0x05 bit 7. This event automatically clears if a proximin not detected within t _{fliter halt} 1 ATI MODE – Att each threshold of the proximity channel (proximity & to threshold), a signal "debounce" is done rapidly. During this rapid event, this bit wi set. 12H UI flags 7 6 Reserved 5 4 4 Auto-ATI off bit 3 Sensing disabled indication bit	0EH	CH0 Compensation	n/a	0 – 255
10H CH1 Compensation multiplier (Values: 0 – 3) 1 2 1 CH1 Compensation multiplier (Values: 0 – 15) 0 0 10H CH1 Compensation 11H System flags 7 I ² C mode active bit 6 Advanced temperature tracking active 5 CH1 ACTIVE – Indicates if the movement channel (CH1) is activated 4 RESERVED 3 NO SYNC – no sync input active bit CH0 LTA HALTED – Indicates that some proximity shift has been detected accord to the threshold in register 0x05 bit 7. This event automatically clears if a proximin not detected within t _{filler halt} 1 ATI MODE – Indicates that CH0 or CH1 is busy with the recalibration routine. Read ATI in flags in register 0x13 for more information 2 ZOOM MODE – At each threshold of the proximity channel (proximity & to threshold), a signal "debounce" is done rapidly. During this rapid event, this bit wi set. 12H UI flags 7 6 Reserved 5 4 4 Auto-ATI off bit 3 Sensing disabled indication bit	0FH	CH1 Multipliers	7	Recorved
4 CH1 Sensitivity Multiplier (Values: 0 – 3) 3 2 1 CH1 Compensation 10H CH1 Compensation 11H System flags 7 I2C mode active bit 6 Advanced temperature tracking active 5 CH1 ACTIVE – Indicates if the movement channel (CH1) is activated 4 RESERVED 3 NO SYNC – no sync input active bit CH0 LTA HALTED – Indicates that some proximity shift has been detected accor 2 CH0 LTA HALTED – Indicates that some proximity shift has been detected accor 2 CH0 LTA HALTED – Indicates that Some proximity shift has been detected accor 2 CH0 LTA HALTED – Indicates that CH0 or CH1 is busy with the recalibration routine. Read 1 ATI MODE – Indicates that CH0 or CH1 is busy with the recalibration routine. Read 1 ATI MODE – At each threshold of the proximity channel (proximity & to threshold), a signal "debounce" is done rapidly. During this rapid event, this bit wi set. 12H UI flags 7 6 Reserved 5 4 4 Auto-ATI off bit 3 Sensing disabled indication bit			6	Keselved
10H CH1 Compensation n/a 0 - 255 11H System flags 7 I ² C mode active bit 6 Advanced temperature tracking active 5 CH1 ACTIVE – Indicates if the movement channel (CH1) is activated 4 RESERVED 3 NO SYNC – no sync input active bit 6 Advanced temperature tracking active bit 7 CH0 LTA HALTED – Indicates that some proximity shift has been detected accor 2 CH0 LTA HALTED – Indicates that some proximity shift has been detected accor 2 CH0 LTA HALTED – Indicates that CH0 or CH1 is busy with the recalibration routine. Read 1 ATI MODE – Indicates that CH0 or CH1 is busy with the recalibration routine. Read 1 ATI MODE – Indicates that CH0 or CH1 is busy with the recalibration routine. Read 1 ATI in flags in register 0x13 for more information 2 ZOOM MODE – At each threshold of the proximity channel (proximity & to threshold), a signal "debounce" is done rapidly. During this rapid event, this bit wi set. 12H UI flags 7 6 Reserved 5 4 4 Auto-ATI off bit 3 Sensing disabled indication bit			5	CH1 Sensitivity Multiplier (Values: 0 2)
2 CH1 Compensation multiplier (Values: 0 – 15) 10H CH1 Compensation 11H System flags 7 I ² C mode active bit 6 Advanced temperature tracking active 5 CH1 ACTIVE – Indicates if the movement channel (CH1) is activated 4 RESERVED 3 NO SYNC – no sync input active bit CH0 LTA HALTED – Indicates that some proximity shift has been detected accord to the threshold in register 0x05 bit 7. This event automatically clears if a proximin not detected within t _{liter halt} 1 ATI MODE – Indicates that CH0 or CH1 is busy with the recalibration routine. React ATI in flags in register 0x13 for more information 2 ZOOM MODE – At each threshold of the proximity channel (proximity & tot threshold), a signal "debounce" is done rapidly. During this rapid event, this bit wi set. 12H UI flags 7 6 Reserved 5 4 4 Auto-ATI off bit 3 Sensing disabled indication bit			4	
10H CH1 Compensation multiplier (Values: 0 – 15) 10H CH1 Compensation 11H System flags 7 I²C mode active bit 6 Advanced temperature tracking active 5 CH1 ACTIVE – Indicates if the movement channel (CH1) is activated 4 RESERVED 3 NO SYNC – no sync input active bit CH0 LTA HALTED – Indicates that some proximity shift has been detected accor 2 to the threshold in register 0x05 bit 7. This event automatically clears if a proximin not detected within t _{filter halt} 1 ATI MODE – Indicates that CH0 or CH1 is busy with the recalibration routine. Read ATI in flags in register 0x13 for more information 2OOM MODE – At each threshold of the proximity channel (proximity & to threshold), a signal "debounce" is done rapidly. During this rapid event, this bit wi set. 12H UI flags 7 6 Reserved 5 4 4 Auto-ATI off bit 3 Sensing disabled indication bit			3	
10H CH1 Compensation n/a 0 – 255 11H System flags 7 I²C mode active bit 6 Advanced temperature tracking active 5 CH1 ACTIVE – Indicates if the movement channel (CH1) is activated 4 RESERVED 3 NO SYNC – no sync input active bit CH0 LTA HALTED – Indicates that some proximity shift has been detected accord to the threshold in register 0x05 bit 7. This event automatically clears if a proximin not detected within t _{filter halt} 1 ATI MODE – Indicates that CH0 or CH1 is busy with the recalibration routine. Read ATI in flags in register 0x13 for more information 12H UI flags 7 6 Reserved 5 4 4 Auto-ATI off bit 3 Sensing disabled indication bit			2	CH1 Companyation multiplier (Values: 0 15)
10H CH1 Compensation n/a 0 – 255 11H System flags 7 I²C mode active bit 6 Advanced temperature tracking active 5 CH1 ACTIVE – Indicates if the movement channel (CH1) is activated 4 RESERVED 3 NO SYNC – no sync input active bit CH0 LTA HALTED – Indicates that some proximity shift has been detected accor to the threshold in register 0x05 bit 7. This event automatically clears if a proximi not detected within t _{filter halt} 1 ATI MODE – Indicates that CH0 or CH1 is busy with the recalibration routine. Read ATI in flags in register 0x13 for more information 12H UI flags 7 6 Reserved 5 4 4 Auto-ATI off bit 3 Sensing disabled indication bit			1	Ciff Compensation Inditipiler (Values: 0 – 15)
11H System flags 7 I²C mode active bit 6 Advanced temperature tracking active 5 CH1 ACTIVE – Indicates if the movement channel (CH1) is activated 4 RESERVED 3 NO SYNC – no sync input active bit CH0 LTA HALTED – Indicates that some proximity shift has been detected accor 2 to the threshold in register 0x05 bit 7. This event automatically clears if a proximin not detected within t _{filter halt} 1 ATI MODE – Indicates that CH0 or CH1 is busy with the recalibration routine. Read ATI in flags in register 0x13 for more information 2COM MODE – At each threshold of the proximity channel (proximity & to threshold), a signal "debounce" is done rapidly. During this rapid event, this bit wi set. 12H UI flags 7 6 Reserved 5 4 4 Auto-ATI off bit 3 Sensing disabled indication bit			÷	
6 Advanced temperature tracking active 5 CH1 ACTIVE – Indicates if the movement channel (CH1) is activated 4 RESERVED 3 NO SYNC – no sync input active bit 2 CH0 LTA HALTED – Indicates that some proximity shift has been detected accor to the threshold in register 0x05 bit 7. This event automatically clears if a proximi not detected within t _{filter halt} 1 ATI MODE – Indicates that CH0 or CH1 is busy with the recalibration routine. Read ATI in flags in register 0x13 for more information 2OOM MODE – At each threshold of the proximity channel (proximity & to threshold), a signal "debounce" is done rapidly. During this rapid event, this bit wi set. 12H UI flags 7 6 Reserved 5 4 Auto-ATI off bit 3 Sensing disabled indication bit				
5 CH1 ACTIVE – Indicates if the movement channel (CH1) is activated 4 RESERVED 3 NO SYNC – no sync input active bit 2 CH0 LTA HALTED – Indicates that some proximity shift has been detected accor to the threshold in register 0x05 bit 7. This event automatically clears if a proximin not detected within t _{filter halt} 1 ATI MODE – Indicates that CH0 or CH1 is busy with the recalibration routine. Read ATI in flags in register 0x13 for more information 2OOM MODE – At each threshold of the proximity channel (proximity & to threshold), a signal "debounce" is done rapidly. During this rapid event, this bit wi set. 12H UI flags 7 6 7 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 5 4 4 4 4 4 4 5 4	11H	System flags		
4 RESERVED 3 NO SYNC – no sync input active bit CH0 LTA HALTED – Indicates that some proximity shift has been detected accor to the threshold in register 0x05 bit 7. This event automatically clears if a proximinot detected within t _{filter halt} 1 ATI MODE – Indicates that CH0 or CH1 is busy with the recalibration routine. Read ATI in flags in register 0x13 for more information 2 ZOOM MODE – At each threshold of the proximity channel (proximity & to threshold), a signal "debounce" is done rapidly. During this rapid event, this bit wi set. 12H UI flags 7 6 Reserved 5 4 4 Auto-ATI off bit 3 Sensing disabled indication bit				
3 NO SYNC – no sync input active bit 2 CH0 LTA HALTED – Indicates that some proximity shift has been detected accor to the threshold in register 0x05 bit 7. This event automatically clears if a proximinot detected within t _{filter halt} 1 ATI MODE – Indicates that CH0 or CH1 is busy with the recalibration routine. Read ATI in flags in register 0x13 for more information 2OOM MODE – At each threshold of the proximity channel (proximity & to threshold), a signal "debounce" is done rapidly. During this rapid event, this bit wi set. 12H UI flags 7 6 4 Auto-ATI off bit 3 Sensing disabled indication bit				
1 CH0 LTA HALTED – Indicates that some proximity shift has been detected accorr to the threshold in register 0x05 bit 7. This event automatically clears if a proximinot detected within t _{filter halt} 1 ATI MODE – Indicates that CH0 or CH1 is busy with the recalibration routine. Read ATI in flags in register 0x13 for more information 2 ZOOM MODE – At each threshold of the proximity channel (proximity & to threshold), a signal "debounce" is done rapidly. During this rapid event, this bit wi set. 12H UI flags 7 6 Reserved 5 4 4 Auto-ATI off bit 3 Sensing disabled indication bit			-	
2 to the threshold in register 0x05 bit 7. This event automatically clears if a proximinot detected within t _{filter halt} 1 ATI MODE – Indicates that CH0 or CH1 is busy with the recalibration routine. Read ATI in flags in register 0x13 for more information 200M MODE – At each threshold of the proximity channel (proximity & to threshold), a signal "debounce" is done rapidly. During this rapid event, this bit wi set. 12H UI flags 7 6 Reserved 5 4 Auto-ATI off bit 3 Sensing disabled indication bit			3	NO SYNC – no sync input active bit
1 not detected within t _{iller halt} 1 ATI MODE – Indicates that CH0 or CH1 is busy with the recalibration routine. Read ATI in flags in register 0x13 for more information 200M MODE – At each threshold of the proximity channel (proximity & to threshold), a signal "debounce" is done rapidly. During this rapid event, this bit wi set. 12H UI flags 7 6 6 Reserved 5 4 Auto-ATI off bit 3 Sensing disabled indication bit				CH0 LTA HALTED – Indicates that some proximity shift has been detected according
1 ATI MODE – Indicates that CH0 or CH1 is busy with the recalibration routine. Read ATI in flags in register 0x13 for more information 200M MODE – At each threshold of the proximity channel (proximity & to threshold), a signal "debounce" is done rapidly. During this rapid event, this bit wi set. 12H UI flags 7 6 6 Reserved 5 4 Auto-ATI off bit 3 Sensing disabled indication bit			2	
1 ATI in flags in register 0x13 for more information ZOOM MODE – At each threshold of the proximity channel (proximity & to threshold), a signal "debounce" is done rapidly. During this rapid event, this bit wi set. 12H UI flags 7 6 Reserved 5 4 Auto-ATI off bit 3 Sensing disabled indication bit				not detected within t _{filter halt}
12H UI flags 7 6 Reserved 5 4 4 Auto-ATI off bit 3 Sensing disabled indication bit			1	
0 threshold), a signal "debounce" is done rapidly. During this rapid event, this bit wi set. 12H UI flags 7 6 Reserved 5 4 4 Auto-ATI off bit 3 Sensing disabled indication bit			<u> </u>	ATT in flags in register 0x13 for more information
12H UI flags 7 6 Reserved 5 4 Auto-ATI off bit 3 Sensing disabled indication bit				
12H UI flags 7 6 Reserved 5 4 Auto-ATI off bit 3 Sensing disabled indication bit			0	
6 Reserved 5 4 4 Auto-ATI off bit 3 Sensing disabled indication bit	1011	L II flogo	7	Set.
5 4 Auto-ATI off bit 3 Sensing disabled indication bit	12H	UT hags		Deserved
 Auto-ATI off bit Sensing disabled indication bit 				Reserved
3 Sensing disabled indication bit			-	
Z UUICK release – Indicates when a duick release action has been detected				
1 Reserved			-	
0 Output active – Indicates an active proximity detection	4011		-	
13H ATI flags n/a Reserved	13H	ATTIAgs	n/a	Reserved





ADDR	Register name	Bit	Description
14H	Event flags	_	CH1_ATI ERROR – This will indicate that the movement channel is not operating under
		7	optimal sensitivity and the calibration will automatically be redone in t _{redoATI} . The count-
		0	down time until next attempt can be read in register 0x25 and 0x26.
		6 5	Reserved
		4	CH1 MOVEMENT
		· ·	CH0_ATI ERROR – Because of external interference, strong EMI or extreme capacitive
			load conditions the calibration will not be able to reach the target sensitivity (target count
		3	- as defined in register 0x06 bit 6). The proximity output will be set in such case in order
			to fail towards the safe side. The calibration will automatically be redone in tredoATI. The
			count-down time until next attempt can be read in register 0x23 and 0x24.
		2	CH0 UNDEBOUNCED – An indication that a proximity event has been detected before
		4	a debounce operation has been done.
		1	CH0_TOUCH – The touch event is flagged here for the duration of the touch
4511		0	CH0_PROX – The proximity event is flagged here for the duration of the proximity
15H 16H	CH0 ACF_H	n/a	Proximity channel: Filtered count value 0 – 2000
	CH0 ACF_L		This count value is related to an offset actual capacitive load. The offset is done though
			calibration and ensures system sensitivity.
17H	CH0 LTA H	n/a	Proximity channel: Reference count value (Long term average)
18H	CH0 LTA_L		0 – 2000
19H	CH0 QRD_H	n/a	Proximity channel: Quick release detect reference value
1AH	CH0 QRD_L		0 – 2000
1BH	CH1 ACF_H	n/a	Movement channel: Filtered count value
1CH	CH1 ACF_L		0 – 2000
1DH	CH1 UMOV_H	n/a	Movement channel: Upper reference count value
1EH	CH1 UMOV_L		0 – 2000
1FH	CH1 LMOV_H	n/a	Movement channel: Lower reference count value
20H	CH1 LMOV_L		0 – 2000





11 Specifications

11.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings

Absolute maximum parameters specified for the device:

Exceeding these maximum specifications may cause damage to the device.

Table 11.1 Absolute Maximum Specifications

Parameter	Absolute maximum		
Operating temperature	IQS231A: -20°C to 85°C		
	IQS231B: -40°C to 85°C		
Supply Voltage (VDDHI – VSS)	+3.6V		
Maximum pin voltage	VDDHI + 0.5V (may not exceed VDDHI max)		
Maximum continuous current (for specific pins)	10mA ¹		
Minimum pin voltage	VSS - 0.5V		
Minimum power-on slope	100V/s		
ESD protection	±8kV (Human body model)		
Moisture Sensitivity Level (MSL)	1 (DFN-6, TSOT23-6, WLCSP-8)		

¹ High source current may affect the proximity signal output and it is recommended to limit output current to below 1mA to avoid excessive heating and cooling effects on sensitive signals.



DESCRIPTION	CONDITIONS	PARAMETER	MIN	ТҮР	МАХ	UNIT
Supply voltage		V _{DDHI}	1.764	n/a	3.6	V
Internal regulator output	1.764 ≤ V _{DDHI} ≤ 3.6	Vreg	1.62	1.65	1.72	V
Default Operating Current	3.3V, Scan time = 30ms	IIQS231ALP30		33		μA
Full Power Setting	3.3V, Scan time =9ms	IIQS231AFP		80		μA
Low Power Setting 1	3.3V, Scan time =128ms	IIQS231ALP128		7.5		μA
Low Power Setting 2	3.3V, Scan time =256ms	IIQS231ALP256		5		μA
C _x pin capacitance	1.764 ≤ V _{DDHI} ≤ 3.6	C _{CxLoad}			120	pF

Table 11.2 IQS231A/B General Operating Conditions

Table 11.3 Start-up and Shut-down Slope Characteristics

DESCRIPTION	CONDITIONS	PARAMETER	MIN	MAX	UNIT
Power On Reset	V _{DDHI} Slope ≥ 100V/s ¹	PORvddhi	0.3 ²	1.7	V
VDDHI Brown Out Detect	V _{DDHI} Slope ≥ 100V/s ¹	BODvddhi	N/A	1.7	V
VREG Brown Out Detect	V _{DDHI} Slope ≥ 100V/s ¹	BOD _{VREG}	N/A	1.58 ³	V

¹Applicable to full "operating temperature" range

 $^{^2\}mbox{For}$ a power cycle, ensure lowering VDDHI below the minimum value before ramping VDDHI past the maximum POR value

³Table 3.1 Capacitors C1 & C3 should be chosen to comply with this specification







Figure 11.1 Timing Specification During Power-on

*Proximity or touches made during t_{stabilize} will not be recognized but rather be part of the calibration.

DESCRIPTION	MIN	ТҮР	MAX	UNIT
t _{init}		15		ms
t _{test_mode}		340	Infinite ⁴	ms
$t_{sensing_inactive \ 30Hz \ - \ default}$	396		436	ms
t _{ATI}	41	41	81	ms
t _{stabilize 30Hz - default}		340		ms
t _{stabilize 100Hz}		128		ms
t _{stabilize 8Hz}		1192		ms
t _{stabilize 4Hz}		2344		ms
t _{comms_timeout}	-	20	-	ms
t _{failsafe}		500		us
t _{CLK_stretch}		5		ms
t _{filter_halt}		5		S
t _{redoATI}		10		S
t _{awake}		9		ms
R _{internal}		20		kΩ
R _{I2C_series}			100	Ω
f _{sampling}	16.5	500	500	kHz

Table 11.4 Various IQS231A/B Characteristics

⁴ The "test mode" timer "t_{test_mode}" will reset each time an I²C event occurs on the bus (eg. stop / start). Ensure that no I²C communications are done during "t_{test_mode}".



Table 11.5 Digital Input Trigger Levels

DESCRIPTION	CONDITIONS	PARAMETER	MIN	МАХ	UNIT
All digital inputs	Full VDDHI range	Input low level voltage	0.3 * VDDHI	n/a	V
All digital inputs	Full VDDHI range	Input high level voltage	n/a	0.7 * VDDHI	V

Table 11.6 Digital Output Levels

DESCRIPTION	CONDITIONS	PARAMETER	@1mA*	@10mA*	UNIT
Output voltage low	VDDHI = 3.3V	Vol	0.01	0.1	V
Output voltage high	VDDHI = 3.3V	Voн	n/a**	n/a**	V

* Current sinked into output pin

** Only open drain output offered. Pull-up resistor to VDD recommended





11.2 I²C Timing Specifications

PARAMETER		Standard	rd mode Fast mod		le	UNIT
		Min	Max	Min	Max	
VIL	SDA/SCL digital input trigger low-level	-0.5	0.3*VDDH I	-0.5	0.3*VDDHI	V
V _{IH}	SDA/SCL digital input trigger high-level	0.7*VDDHI	VDDHI +0.5	0.7*VDDHI	VDDHI +0.5	V
fscl	SCL clock frequency	0	100	0	400	kHz
t _{LOW}	LOW period of the SCL clock	4.7		1.3		μs
tніgн	HIGH period of the SCL clock	4		0.6		μs
t hd,sta	Hold time (repeated) START	4		0.6		μs
tsu,sta	Setup time for a repeated START	4.7		0.6		μs
thd,dat	Data hold time	0		0		μs
t _{SU,DAT}	Data setup time ⁵	100 ^(231A) 250 ^(231B)		100		ns
tvd,dat	Data valid time	0	3.45	0	0.9	μs
tvd,ack	Data valid acknowledge time	0	3.45	0	0.9	μs
tsu,sto	Setup time for STOP	4		0.6		μs
t _{BUF}	Bus free time between a STOP and START condition	4.7		1.3		μs
tr	Rise time for SDA and SCL		1000		300	ns
t _f	Fall time for SDA and SCL		300		300	ns
Cb	Capacitive load for each bus line		400		400	
tsp	Pulse duration of spikes suppressed by input filter	No n		suppressior mented	filter	ns
twdt	Clock low time-out (watchdog)	130	140	130	140	ms

Table 11.7 I²C Timing Limits



Figure 11.2 PC Mode Timing

 5 IQS231B is recommended for I^2C usage at VDDHI=1.8V





12 Package Information

The device is available in three packages: TSOT23-6, DFN-6 & WLCSP-8.

12.1 TSOT23-6



Figure 12.1 TSOT23-6 Packaging

Table 12.1 TSOT23-6 Dimensions

Dimension	Min (mm)	Max (mm)
Α	2.60	3.00
В	1.50	1.70
С	2.80	3.00
D	0.30	0.50
E	0.95 Basic	
F	0.84	1.00
G	0.00	0.10
Н	0.30	0.50
I	0°	8°
J	0.03	0.20





12.2 DFN-6



Figure 12.2 DFN-6 Package Dimensions (bottom view) Table 12.2 DFN-6 Package Dimensions (bottom)

Dimension	[mm]
А	3.00
В	2.50
С	0.30
D	0.35
E	1.30
F	2.20

Table 12.3 DFN-6 Package Dimensions (side)

Dimension	[mm]
G	0.05
Н	0.75
I	0.80



Figure 12.3 DFN-6 Package Dimensions (side)





12.3 WLCSP-8



	Dimensional Ref.					
REF.	Min.	No m .	Max.			
Α	0.310	0.350	0.390			
A1	0.085	0.100	0.115			
A2	0.225	0.250	0.275			
D	0.865	0.880	0.895			
E	1.455	1.470	1.485			
D1	0.300	0.350	0.400			
E1	1.000	1.050	1.100			
Ь	0.125	0.150	0.175			
е	0	.350 BS	C			
SD	0	.175 BS	С			
SE	0	.175 BS	C			
To	ol. of Fa	orm&Pos	sition			
ааа	0.10					
bbb	0.10					
CCC		0.05				
ddd		0.05				

Figure 12.4 IQS231A WLCSP-8 Dimensions (in mm)





13 Ordering and Part-number Information

13.1 Ordering Information

Please check stock availability with your local distributor.



IC NAME	231A 231B	=	IQS231A IQS231B
CONFIGURATION	ZZZ ZZZ ZZ	=	IC configuration (hexadecimal) Default 000 000 00 (other configurations available on special request)
PACKAGE TYPE	DF TS CS	= = =	DFN-6 (IQS231B only) TSOT23-6 package WLCSP-8 package
BULK PACKAGING	R	=	Reel TSOT23-6 and WLCSP-8: 3000pcs/reel DFN-6: 6000pcs/reel 1 reel (orders shipped as full reels)

13.2 Device Numbering Convention – TSOT23-6

Тор 231X xx IC NAME BATCH CODE **IC NAME** 231A IQS231A = 231B IQS231B = **BATCH CODE** AA to ZZ хх =









13.3 Device numbering Convention: 8-pin WLCSP





Bottom

No marking present

Тор



Bottom

No marking present





13.4 Device Numbering Convention – DFN6



Bottom

No marking present





14 Tape and Reel Information





QUADRANT ASSIGNMENTS FOR PIN 1 ORIENTATION IN TAPE



Device	Ŭ	Package Drawing	Pins	QTY per	Diameter	Reel Width W1 (mm)	A0 (mm)	B0 (mm)	K0 (mm)	P1 (mm)		Pin1 Quadrant
IQS231AzzzzzzzTSR	TSOT23/6	TSOT23-6	6	3000	178	9.5	3.1	3.1	1.3	4	8	Q3
IQS231BzzzzzzzTSR	TSOT23/6	TSOT23-6	6	3000	178	9.5	3.1	3.1	1.3	4	8	Q3
IQS231AzzzzzzZCSR	WLCSP8	WLCSP-8	8	3000	179	8.4	1	1.55	0.48	4	8	Q3
IQS231BzzzzzzCSR	WLCSP8	WLCSP-8	8	3000	179	8.4	1	1.55	0.48	4	8	Q3
IQS231BzzzzzzzDFR	DFN6	DFN-6	6	6000	330	12.4	2.8	3.3	1.2	4	12	Q1



15 Revision History

Revision Number	Description	Date of issue
v1.0	IC release version	16 March 2016
V1.1	TSOT23-6 package added BOD and POR values updated	18 July 2016
V1.2	Reference schematic updated. Component selection guide also included	8 September 2016
V1.3	Introduction added to first page Start-up and ATI time description added	13 December 2016
V1.4	Switch from I ² C to standalone mode information updated	10 February 2017
V1.5	WLCSP package information added	13 March 2017
V1.6	Proximity threshold options in I ² C mode corrected Commands updated to include "Auto ATI on/off" Temperature compensation feature renamed to include the detection of radiated and conducted interference "I ² C and sensing timing" section added. Schematics updated with recommended components.	18 July 2017
V1.7	Movement threshold option in I ² C mode errata Capacitive resolution and load capability added to introduction page WLCSP package pin 5 recommendation	4 September 2017
V1.8	 Added functional block diagram with basic function descriptions Added warning to section 4 OTP table when using the most sensitive settings. Updated and added AC filter information to section 9.2 Added section 8.8 & 8.9 with timing accuracy information Bottom marking changes for new device versions: see product change notices IQS231A minimum temperature has changed from -40°C to -20°C 	10 November 2017
V2.0	IQS231B TSOT23-6 option added	28 May 2019
V2.2	Tape and reel information added	9 January 2020
V2.3	IQS231B WLCSP details added	22 January 2020
V2.4	Template update Schematic added for WLCSP package IO2 threshold definition defined for "ignore input, no output" VDDHI & VREG capacitor recommendations updated throughout datasheet Maximum load capacitance changed to 120pF	21 September 202
V2.5	DFN10 package removed DFN6 package added Tape and reel information added Maximum C _x pin capacitance	14 October 2021





	USA	Asia	South Africa
Physical Address	11940 Jollyville Suite 120-S Austin TX 78750 USA	Room 501A, Block A, T-Share International Centre, Taoyuan Road, Nanshan District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, PRC	1 Bergsig Avenue Paarl 7646 South Africa
Postal Address	11940 Jollyville Suite 120-S Austin TX 78750 USA	Room 501A, Block A, T-Share International Centre, Taoyuan Road, Nanshan District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, PRC	PO Box 3534 Paarl 7620 South Africa
Tel	+1 512 538 1995	+86 755 8303 5294 ext 808	+27 21 863 0033
Email	info@azoteq.com	info@azoteq.com	info@azoteq.com

Visit www.azoteq.com

for a list of distributors and worldwide representation.

Patents as listed on <u>www.azoteq.com/patents-trademarks/</u> may relate to the device or usage of the device.

Azoteq[®], Crystal Driver[®], IQ Switch[®], ProxSense[®], ProxFusion[®], LightSense[™], SwipeSwitch[™], and the logo are trademarks of Azoteq.

The information in this Datasheet is believed to be accurate at the time of publication. Azoteq uses reasonable effort to maintain the information up-to-date and accurate, but does not warrant the accuracy, completeness or reliability of the information contained herein. All content and information are provided on an "as is" basis only, without any representations or warranties, express or implied, of any kind, including representations about the suitability of these products or information for any purpose. Azoteq disclaims all warranties and conditions with regard to these products and information, including but not limited to all implied warranties and conditions of merchantability, fitness for a particular purpose, title and non-infringement of any third party intellectual property rights. Azoteq assumes no liability for any damages or injury arising from any use of the information or the product or caused by, without limitation, failure of performance, error, omission, interruption, defect, delay in operation or transmission, even if Azoteq has been advised of the possibility of such damages. The applications mentioned herein are used solely for the purpose of illustration and Azoteq makes no warranty or representation that such applications will be suitable without further modification, nor recommends the use of its products for application that may present a risk to human life due to malfunction or otherwise. Azoteq products are not authorized for use as critical components in life support devices or systems. No licenses to patents are granted, implicitly, express or implied, by estoppel or otherwise, under any intellectual property rights. In the event that any of the abovementioned limitations or exclusions does not apply, it is agreed that Azoteq yield liability for all losses, damages and causes of action (in contract, tort (including without limitation, negligence) or otherwise) will not exceed the amount already paid by the customer for the products. Azoteq reserves the right to alter its products,

info@azoteq.com